SUSY Searches with Leptons after Weak Production at the LHC with the ATLAS Detector Cracow Epiphany Conference 2013 on the Physics After the First Phase of the LHC

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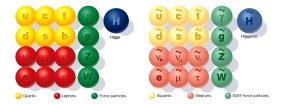
9th January 2013





UDWIG-AXIMILIANS NIVERSITÄT IŪNCHEN

Supersymmetry

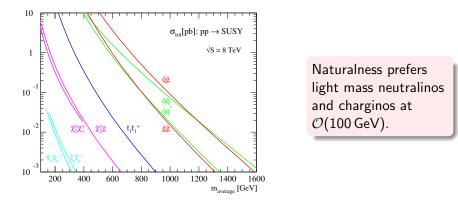


Every particle d.o.f. gets a superpartner d.o.f. with same quantum numbers but different spin. fermions \rightarrow bosons and v.v.

Supersymmetry extends the Standard Model:

- Provides a candidate for Dark Matter
- Solution for hierarchy problem and unification of the forces

Looking for SUSY @ LHC: Strong and Electroweak Production



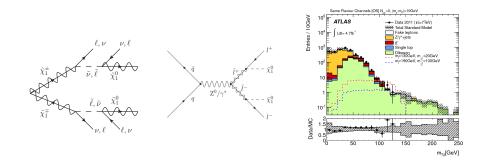
- Strong production: Gluino and squark pairs decay into final states with jets and high E_T^{miss} (and leptons)
- Electroweak production: Charginos, neutralinos and sleptons: decay into final states with multiple leptons and high E_T^{miss}

The analyses presented in this talk are **separated depending on the number of leptons** (electrons and muons) in the final state.



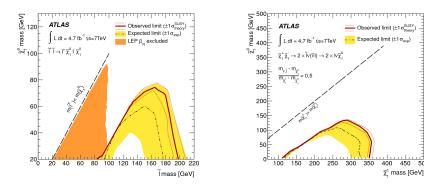
The methods used for background estimation are described in more detail e.g. in talk by Vu Anh Tuan ('SUSY searches in ATLAS')

2 Leptons, $\sqrt{s}=7\,TeV$, $\int \mathcal{L}\,dt=$ 4.7fb $^{-1}$, [CERN-PH-EP-2012-216



Four Signal Regions requiring exactly two leptons were designed.

E.g. SR- m_{T2} . Sensitive to **sleptons and charginos**. $p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}$ for leptons, $E_T^{miss,rel} > 40 \text{ GeV}$. m_{T2} : for events with pair-produced identical particles. Based on transverse mass. Bound by $m_{\tilde{l}}$ or $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$. $m_{T2} > 90 \text{ GeV}$ suppresses $t\bar{t}$ and diboson background.



No significant excess is observed in data.

- Slepton pair production in Simplified Model. SR m_{T2} used (most sensitive for all models).
- Common $m_{\tilde{e}_L}$ and $m_{\tilde{\mu}_L}$ between 85 and 195 GeV excluded.

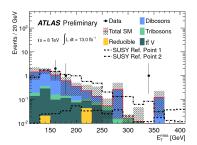
- $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\mp}$ production in Simplified Model.
- Chargino masses between 110 and 340 GeV excluded at 95 % CL

3 Leptons, $\sqrt{s}=$ 8 TeV, $\int \mathcal{L} \, dt =$ 13.0 fb $^{-1}$, atlas-conf-2012-154

Three Signal Regions were designed, requiring exactly three leptons.

SR1a and SR1b: Neutralino decays via intermediate sleptons

- Veto events with Z candidates, $E_T^{miss} > 75 \text{ GeV}$, no b-tagged jets (SR1a).
- Additionally: p^l_T >30 GeV, m_T >110 GeV (SR1b).



SR2: Neutralino decays via Z^0

- Select events with a Z candidate.
- *m*_T >110 GeV to suppress WZ background.
- $E_T^{miss} > 120 \, \mathrm{GeV}$

m

Plot: SR2

SUSY reference point 1:

$$\begin{split} m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} &= 500 \text{ GeV}, \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} = 500 \text{ GeV}, \\ m_{\tilde{l}_{L}} &= 250 \text{ GeV}, \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0 \text{ GeV}. \\ \text{SUSY reference point 2:} \\ m_{\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{\pm}} &= 250 \text{ GeV}, \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} = 250 \text{ GeV}, \end{split}$$

$$\tilde{\chi}_1^0 = 0 \text{ GeV}.$$

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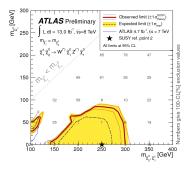
3 Leptons, $\sqrt{s} = 8 TeV$, $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 13.0 \text{fb}^{-1}$

Largest irreducible background: WZ

Background is fit to data in CR: 3 leptons w/ $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$, 1 SFOS lepton pair, Z candidate, $50 < E_T^{miss} < 75 \text{ GeV}$, b-veto, $50 < m_T < 110 \text{ GeV}$.

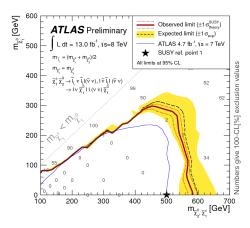
No significant excess is observed in data.

Simplified Model: neutralino decays via gauge bosons



- SR2 responsible for larger exclusion area.
- Z-depleted SR1a wo/ additional m_T requirement best sensitive for small mass differences between the lightest neutralinos.

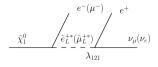
3 Leptons, $\sqrt{s} = 8 TeV$, $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 13.0 \text{fb}^{-1}$



- Simplified Model with intermediate slepton decay
- Z-depleted SR1b with additional *m_T* requirement is best sensitive.
- degenerate chargino and $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ masses up to 580 GeV excluded for large mass differences from the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$

Violating the R-parity

- **R**-parity $P_R = (-1)^{2s+3B+L}$ may be violated: RPV
- corresponding superpotential terms $W_{RPV} = \lambda_{ijk}L_iL_j\bar{E}_k + \lambda'_{ijk}L_iQ_j\bar{D}_k + \lambda''_{ijk}\bar{U}_i\bar{D}_j\bar{D}_k + \kappa_iL_iH_2$ (new Yukawa couplings λ_{ijk} , λ'_{ijk} , λ''_{ijk})
- Proton decay is prevented under special assumptions concerning the RPV couplings $(\lambda_{121} \neq 0 \text{ or } \lambda_{122} \neq 0).$



- Lightest Supersymmetric Particle LSP may be unstable
- E.g. here LSP promptly decaying [˜]χ⁰₁ → νI[±]I[∓] → high lepton multiplicities, low E^{miss}_T.

Two Signal Regions with \geq 4 leptons. Veto events w/ Z-candidate.

SR (1): $E_T^{miss} > 50 \,\text{GeV}$

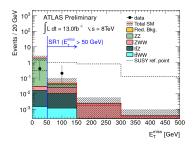
 $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{SR} \ (2): \ \mathsf{Effective} \ \mathsf{mass} \ m_{eff} > 300 \ \mathsf{GeV} \\ {}^{m_{eff}} = {}^{m_{fiss}}_{T} + \sum_{\mu} {}^{\mu_{T}^{\mu}}_{T} + \sum_{e} {}^{E_{T}^{e}}_{T} + \sum_{j} {}^{E_{T}^{j}}_{T} \end{array}$

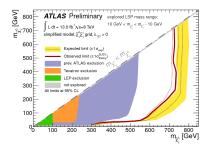
 \geq 4 Leptons, $\sqrt{s} = 8 TeV$, $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 13.0 \text{fb}^{-1}$

No significant excess is observed in data.

Six RPV Simplified Models for electroweak produced SUSY. E.g. NLSP is a wino-like $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$

$$\begin{split} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} &\to W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \; (W^{\pm} \; \text{may} \\ \text{be virtual}). \; \text{More} \\ \text{sensitive: SR1.} \\ \text{Chargino masses up to} \\ \text{710 GeV excluded.} \\ \text{(Also considered but not} \\ \text{shown: } \tilde{l}_L \to l \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \; \text{and} \\ \tilde{\nu}_l \to \nu_l \tilde{\chi}_1^0) \end{split}$$





Summary & Outlook

- Several analyses looking for SUSY with leptons were presented.
- Naturalness may lead to the existence of light charginos and neutralinos
- Searches are sensitive to electroweak production.
- Limits on slepton, neutralino and chargino masses have been derived using simplified models.
- In R-parity conserving models, slepton masses between 85 and 195 GeV and chargino masses up to 580 GeV can be excluded for specific models.
- In **RPV models**, slepton masses until 430 GeV and chargino masses until 710 GeV can be excluded under special assumptions.

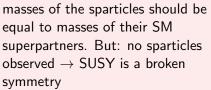
Spare Slides

Supersymmetric Particles

- Squarks *q̃*, sleptons *l̃* and sneutrinos *ν̃*: superpartners to quarks, leptons and neutrinos.
- Higgs sector: charged \tilde{H}^{\pm} , CP-even and neutral h^0 , H^0 $(m_h \leq m_H)$, CP-odd A^0

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- Charginos $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}$, $\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{\pm}$: physical states for mixing \tilde{W}^{\pm} and \tilde{H}_{u}^{+} , \tilde{H}_{d}^{-} (couple exclusively to up- resp. down-type quarks)
- Neutralinos $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$, $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$, $\tilde{\chi}_3^0$, $\tilde{\chi}_4^0$: physical states for mixing \tilde{B} , \tilde{W}^0 and \tilde{H}_u^0 , \tilde{H}_d^0





SR-m _{T2}					
	e^+e^-	$e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}$	$\mu^+\mu^-$	all	\mathbf{SF}
Z+X	$3.2 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.7$	$0.3 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.2$	$3.6 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.7$	$7.1\pm1.7\pm2.1$	$6.8 \pm 1.7 \pm 2.1$
WW	$2.3\pm0.3\pm0.4$	$4.8\pm0.4\pm0.7$	$3.5\pm0.3\pm0.5$	$10.6 \pm 0.6 \pm 1.5$	$5.8\pm0.4\pm0.9$
$t\bar{t}$, single top	$2.6\pm1.2\pm1.3$	$6.2 \pm 1.6 \pm 2.9$	$4.1\pm1.3\pm1.6$	$12.9 \pm 2.4 \pm 4.6$	$6.8\pm1.8\pm2.3$
Fake leptons	$1.0\pm0.6\pm0.6$	$1.1\pm0.6\pm0.8$	$-0.02\pm 0.01\pm 0.05$	$2.2\pm0.9\pm1.4$	$1.0\pm0.6\pm0.6$
Total	$9.2 \pm 1.8 \pm 2.5$	$12.4 \pm 1.7 \pm 3.1$	$11.2 \pm 1.9 \pm 3.0$	$32.8 \pm 3.2 \pm 6.3$	$20.4 \pm 2.6 \pm 3.9$
Data	7	9	8	24	15
$\sigma_{\rm vis}^{\rm obs(exp)}$ (fb)	1.5(1.8)	1.6(2.0)	1.6(1.9)	2.5(3.3)	1.9(2.5)

No significant excess is observed in data.

SR-	m_{T2}	OSjveto	SSjveto	2 jets
charge	OS	OS	SS	OS
flavour	any	ar	ıy	SF
$m_{\ell\ell}$	Z-veto	Z-veto	-	Z-veto
signal jets	= 0	=	0	≥ 2
signal b-jets	-	-		= 0
$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss, rel.}$	> 40	> 1	100	> 50
other	$m_{\mathrm{T2}} > 90$	-		$m_{\rm CT}$ -veto

	top	WW	Z + X
$m_{\ell\ell}$	Z-veto	Z-veto	Z-window
signal jets	≥ 2	=0	$= 0, \ge 2, \ge 0$
signal b-jets	≥ 1	=0	$\geq 0, = 0, \geq 0$
$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss, rel.}$	> 100, 50, 40	70 - 100	> 100, 50, 40
other	-	-	-, $m_{\rm CT}\text{-}{\rm veto},$ -

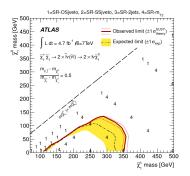
Figure: Signal regions. OS (SS) denotes two opposite-sign (same-sign) signal leptons, of same (SF) or different (DF) flavour. Figure: Requirements for entering each CR for top, W W and Z +X background estimation in the OS SR.

• transverse mass $m_T =$

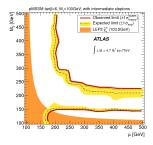
$$\sqrt{2 \cdot E_T^{miss} p_T^I \cdot (1 - \cos \Delta \phi_{I, E_T^{miss}})}$$

stransverse mass m_{T2} :

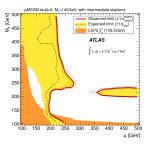
take maximum value of m_T (two leptons!) and minimize with respect to the possible decompositions of $\vec{p}_T^{miss} = \vec{q}_T + \vec{r}_T$

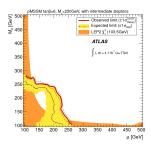


- $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\mp}$ production in Simplified Model.
- Chargino masses between 110 and 340 GeV excluded at 95 %CL for neutralino masses larger than 10 GeV.



• Signal regions are combined to derive exclusion limits in the pMSSM μ - M_2 plane for tan $\beta = 6$ by selecting for each signal point the SR which provides the best expected p-value.





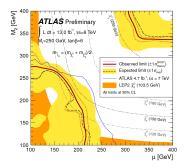
3 Leptons in the Final State

Expected numbers of events from SM backgrounds an observed numbers of events in data in SR1a, SR1b and SR2:

Selection	SR1a	SR1b	SR2
$t\bar{t}+V$	0.62 ± 0.28	0.13 ± 0.07	0.9 ± 0.4
triboson	3.0 ± 3.0	0.7 ± 0.7	0.34 ± 0.34
ZZ	2.0 ± 0.7	0.30 ± 0.23	0.10 ± 0.10
WZ (normalised)	34 ± 4	1.2 ± 0.6	4.7 ± 0.8
Reducible Bkg.	10 ± 6	0.8 ± 0.4	$0.012^{+1.6}_{-0.012}$
Total Bkg.	50 ± 8	3.1 ± 1.0	$6.1^{+2.0}_{-1.2}$
Data	48	4	4
SUSY Ref. Point 1	13.9 ± 1.0	11.4 ± 0.9	0.5 ± 0.1
SUSY Ref. Point 2	0.9 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	8.0 ± 0.6
Visible σ (exp)	< 1.5 fb	< 0.4 fb	< 0.5 fb
Visible σ (obs)	< 1.3 fb	$< 0.5 \mathrm{fb}$	$< 0.4 \mathrm{fb}$

No significant excess is observed in data.

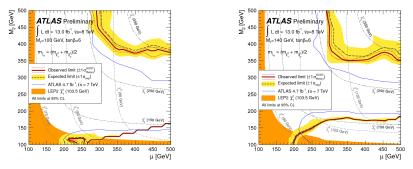
3 Leptons in the Final State



pMSSM Direct Gaugino Production

- Best sensitivity: Z-depleted SR 1 A, B. Two regions of exclusion in μ - M_2 plane with tan $\beta = 6$.
- left lower corner: high cross section.
- upper right corner: large mass splitting between neutralinos $\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ (no dependence on μ).

3 Leptons in the Final State pMSSM Direct Gaugino Production



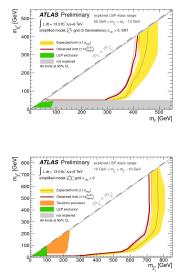
- Best sensitivity: Z-depleted SR 1 A, B. Two regions of exclusion in μ - M_2 plane with tan $\beta = 6$.
- right lower corner: reduced sensitivity due to small mass splitting between the neutralinos 1 and 2.
- When μ is greater than M₁ and M₂, the mass of the gauginos does not depend on μ and the sensitivity remains constant as a function of μ (corner on top).

4 Leptons in the Final State, RPV Expected number of events from SM backgrounds and observed number of events in data in the two SR's:

Selection	SR1	SR2	
ZZ	$0.07^{+0.22}_{-0.07}$	$1.0^{+0.4}_{-0.4}$	
ZWW	$0.10^{+0.10}_{-0.10}$	$0.09^{+0.09}_{-0.09}$	
$t\bar{t}Z$	$0.045^{+0.028}_{-0.028}$	$0.06^{+0.04}_{-0.04}$	
$t\bar{t}WW$	$(6^{+6}_{-5}) \times 10^{-3}$	$(3.3^{+4.8}_{-3.3}) \times 10^{-3}$	
Irreducible Bkg.	$0.22\substack{+0.27\\-0.21}$	$1.1^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$	
Reducible Bkg.	$0.028\substack{+0.107\\-0.028}$	$0.10\substack{+0.14 \\ -0.10}$	
Total Bkg.	$0.25\substack{+0.29 \\ -0.25}$	$1.2^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$	
Data	1	2	
p_0 -value (σ)	0.037 (1.8)	0.16 (1.0)	
σ_{vis} (exp)	< 0.28 fb	< 0.28 fb	
σ_{vis} (obs)	$< 0.34 \mathrm{fb}$	$< 0.38 \mathrm{fb}$	

No significant excess is observed in data.

4 Leptons in the Final State, RPV



ATLAS Preliminary explored L9 mass range L = 10 to V₁→ TW 50 GeV − m, −m, −10 GeV geV 400 100 zoo 300 400 to m, [GeV]

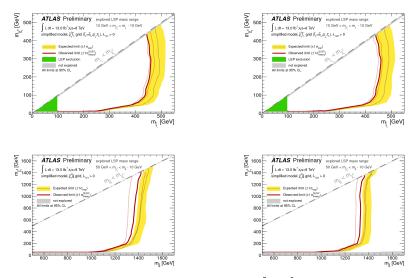
- Top: $\tilde{\nu}_l \rightarrow \nu_l \tilde{\chi}_1^0$. equal masses: ν_e , ν_μ , ν_τ . Sneutrino masses are excluded until 410 GeV.
- Bottom: When the NLSP is a wino-like chargino, chargino masses until

710 GeV are excluded.

not explored regions: $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ masses above 10 resp. 50 GeV considered because of requirements concerning minimum value of SFOS

dilepton mass and lepton-lepton separation.

4 Leptons in the Final State, RPV



• Top: In a simplified model with left-handed sleptons of equal mass, $\tilde{l} \rightarrow l \tilde{\chi}_1^0$, slepton masses until 450 GeV can be excluded.

• Bottom: When the NLSP is a gluino, $\tilde{g} \to q \bar{q}' \tilde{\chi}^0_1$, the gluino mass can be excluded until 1300 GeV.