



Search for the MSSM Higgs bosons with the CMS detector at the LHC

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- Two isospin Higgs doublets

$$H_1 = \begin{pmatrix} H_1^0 \\ H_1^- \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } H_2 = \begin{pmatrix} H_2^+ \\ H_2^0 \end{pmatrix}$$

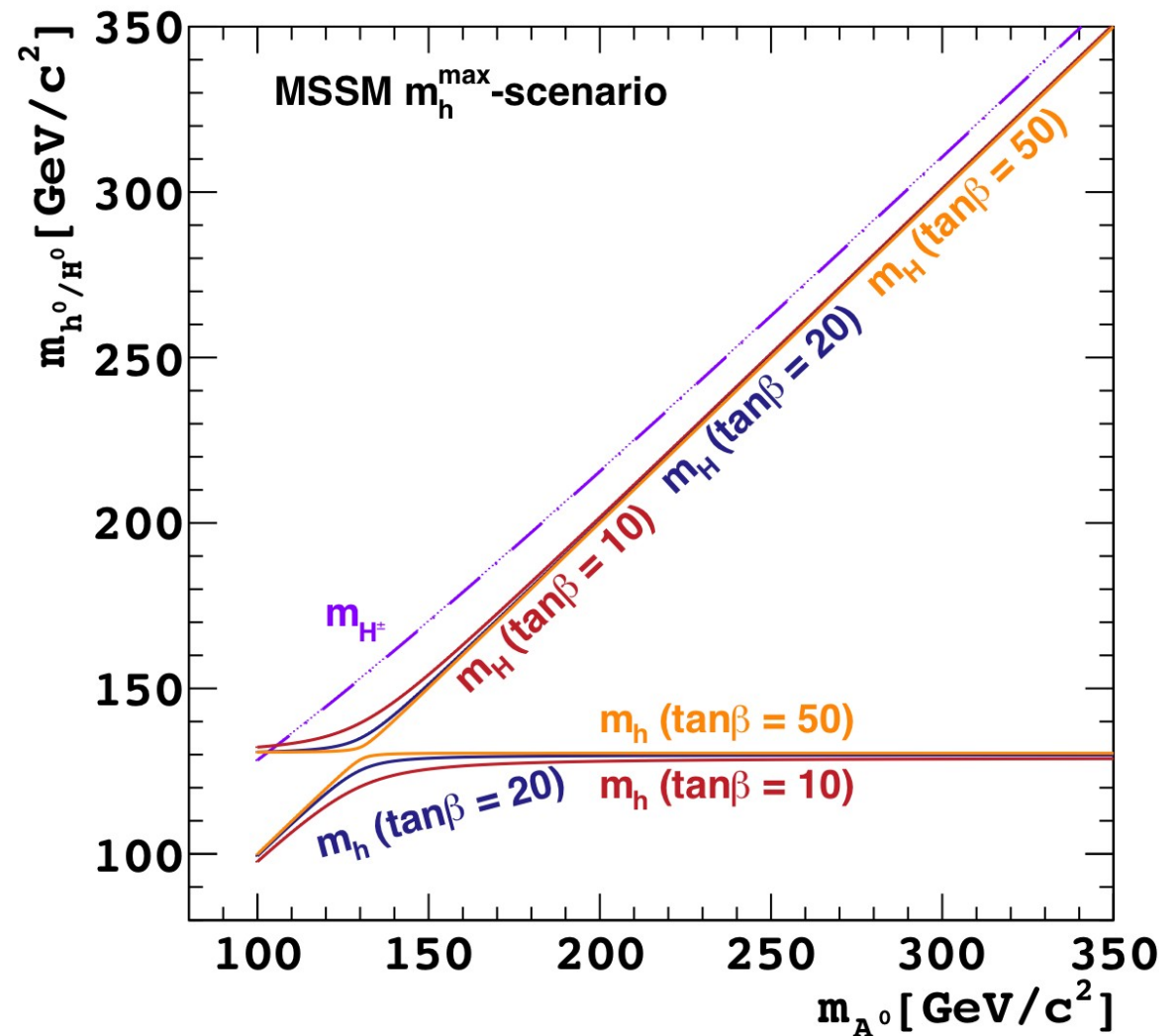
- After EW symmetry breaking:
5 physical Higgs bosons:

h, H – scalar, CP even,
A – pseudoscalar, CP odd,
H⁺, H⁻ – charged

- Two free parameters describe the Higgs sector at tree level:
e.g. m_A and tanβ

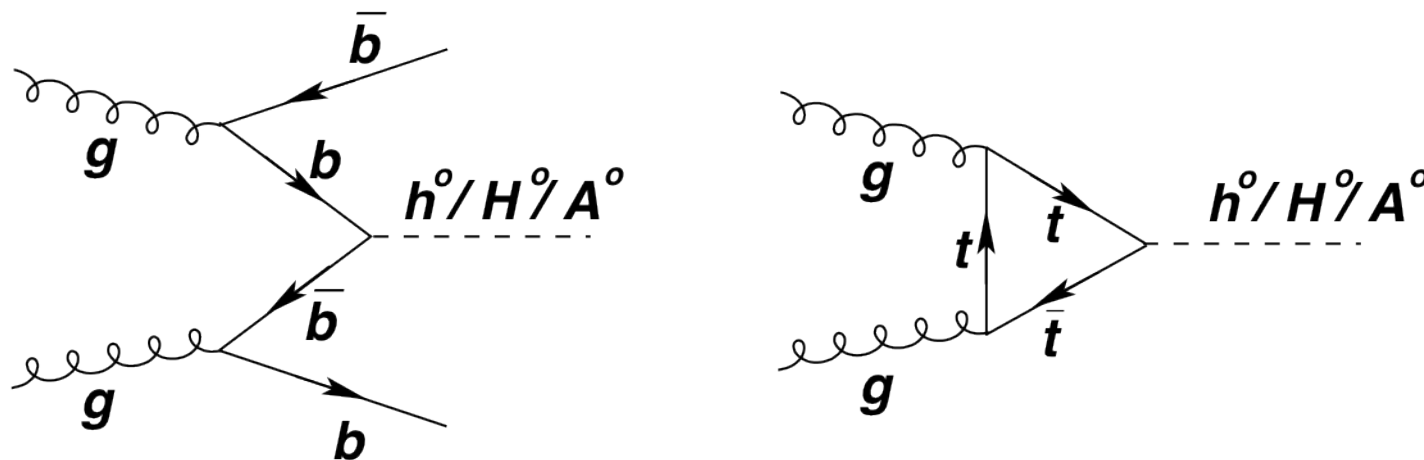
- Fixed benchmark scenarios:
m_h^{max} used in most of the shown results

- MSSM predicts a light Higgs boson,
m_h < 135 GeV.



Main production mechanisms: bb-associated production (large $\tan\beta$) and gluon-gluon fusion via with top and bottom loops (moderate $\tan\beta$).

Higgs couplings to down-type fermions $\sim \tan\beta$, production rates are enhanced with respect to the SM.



Φ (h/H/A) decays to 3rd generation fermions enhanced at all masses

- $b\bar{b}$ (Br \sim 90%) - burdened by large QCD background,
- $\tau\tau$ (Br \sim 10%) - possible hadronic and leptonic final states,
- $\mu\mu$ (Br \sim 0.03%) - clean signature but low yield,
- SUSY particles (if allowed) – depends on additional parameters.

- For $m_{H^+} < m_{\text{top}}$, the dominant production and decay modes:

$gg \rightarrow H^\pm W^\mp bb$, $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau \nu$

* $\text{Br}(t \rightarrow H^\pm b) \neq 0$

* $\text{Br}(H^\pm \rightarrow \tau \nu) \cong 1$ (large $\tan\beta$)

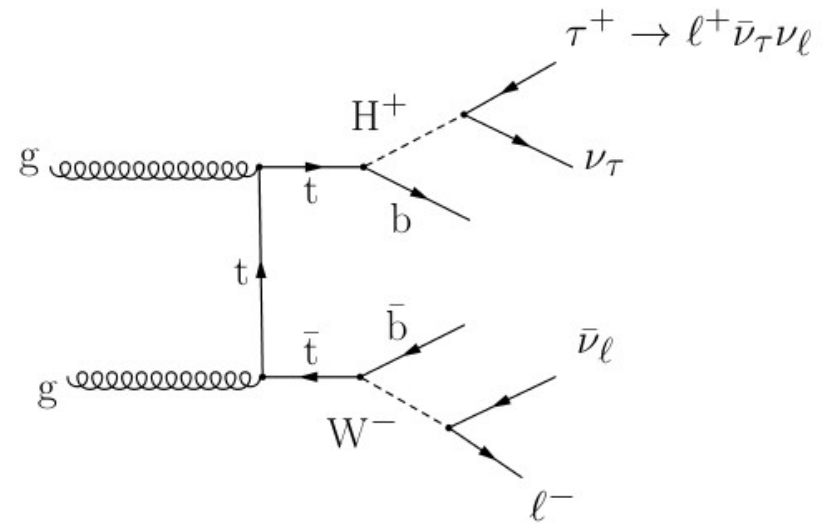
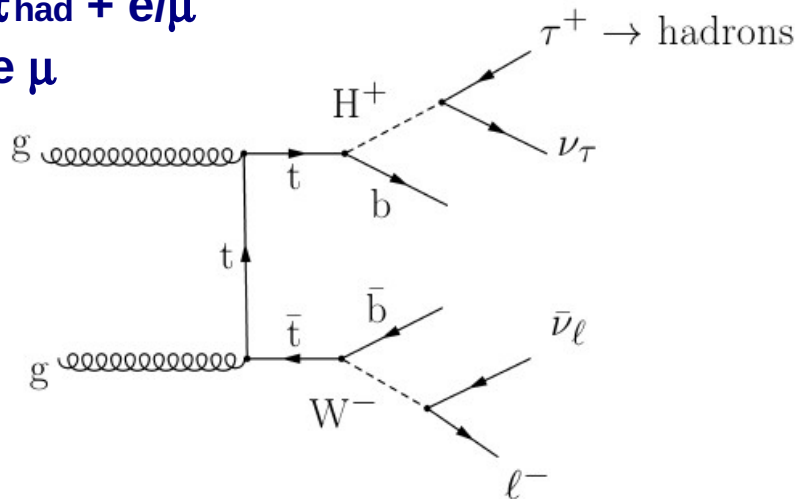
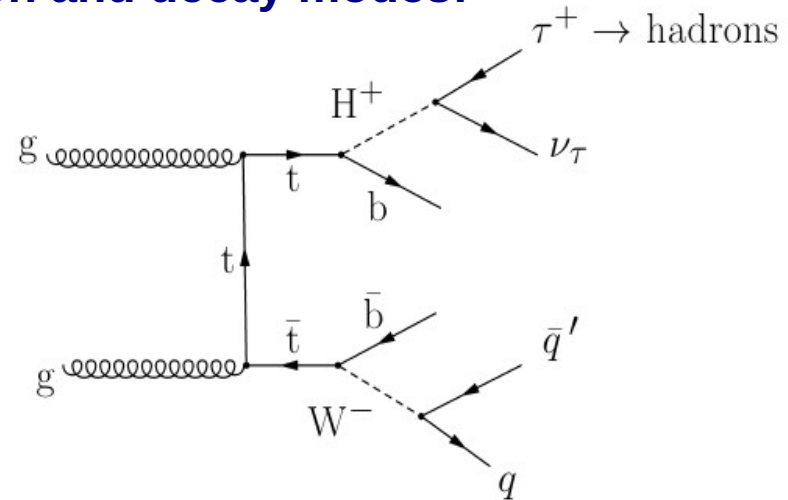
Alters the τ yield in top pair decays.

- Final states to study:

* $\tau_{\text{had}} + \text{jets}$

* $\tau_{\text{had}} + e/\mu$

* $e \mu$





Scope of this talk



● Neutral Higgs (h/H/A) searches:

- $\tau\tau$ channel – 4.9 fb⁻¹ at 7 TeV + 12.1 fb⁻¹ at 8 TeV

New updated CMS preliminary results as of Nov. 2012,
CMS-PAS-HIG-12-050

- $b\bar{b}$ channel – 4.0-4.8 fb⁻¹ at 7 TeV

Combined results of the analyses of all-hadronic and semi-leptonic decay channels from ICHEP 2012,
CMS-PAS-HIG-12-026, CMS-PAS-HIG-12-027

- $\mu\mu$ channel – 4.9 fb⁻¹ at 7 TeV

Analysis results of ICHEP 2012,
CMS-PAS-HIG-12-011

● Charged Higgs (H[±]) searches:

- $\tau\nu$ channel – 2.0-2.3 fb⁻¹ at 7 TeV

Published analysis, arXiv:1205.5736

$$\Phi \rightarrow \tau \tau$$





Tau reconstruction and b tagging



● τ reconstruction:

- τ pairs reconstructed in decays into leptons (e/μ) + hadrons (1 or 3 prong), or pure leptonic ($e\mu$ or $\mu\mu$),
- hadronic τ identification: Hadron Plus Strips (HPS) algorithm, cuts based on event topology and kinematics to account for different τ decay modes: π^\pm , ρ^\pm , a_1
 - see talk by R.Boniecki in the Young Researcher Session

● b-tagging:

- Combined Secondary Vertex (CSV) algorithm – reconstruction of secondary vertices together with track-based lifetime information in a jet,
- 3-D impact parameter (IP) is computed for each track,
- IP significance (IP/σ_{IP}) of tracks used to rank tracks in a vertex,
- likelihood discriminants based on the significance of second-ranked (“High Efficiency”) or third-ranked (“High Purity”) tracks,
- More information: CMS-PAS-BTV-11-004 (2012).



$\tau\tau$ - triggering and event selection



- **Trigger:** events selected by dedicated $e+\tau_{\text{had}}$, $\mu+\tau_{\text{had}}$, $e\mu$ or $\mu\mu$ triggers

- **Event selection**

- Lepton selection:

Electrons

$p_T > 20\text{-}24$ GeV
 $|\eta| < 2.1$ (2.3 for $e\mu$)
isolated

Muons

$p_T > 17\text{-}20$ GeV
 $|\eta| < 2.1$
isolated

τ_{had}

$p_T > 20$ GeV
 $|\eta| < 2.3$
 τ -identification

- Opposite charge lepton pair, second lepton ($e\mu$, $\mu\mu$) $p_T > 10$ GeV
- Veto events with additional isolated leptons with $p_T > 15$ GeV
- MET (missing transverse energy) > 25 GeV ($e+\tau_{\text{had}}$)

- Events analyzed in two categories: **b-tag** and **non-b-tag** (mostly sensitive to the b-associated Higgs production and the gluon-fusion process, respectively)

b-tag

≤ 1 jet with $p_T > 30$ GeV,
 ≥ 1 b-tagged jet with $p_T > 20$ GeV

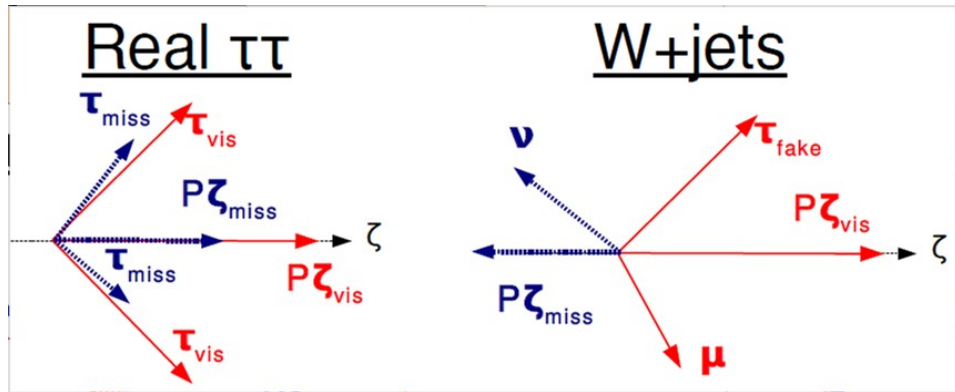
non-b-tag

≤ 1 jet with $p_T > 30$ GeV,
No b-tagged jet with $p_T > 20$ GeV

$\tau\tau$ - event selection contd.



- Suppression of W +jets background: $e+\tau_{had}, \mu+\tau_{had}$: $M_T < 40$ GeV;
 $e\mu, \mu\mu$: ζ cut (ζ axis – the bisector of the directions of the visible τ decay products transverse to the beam direction)



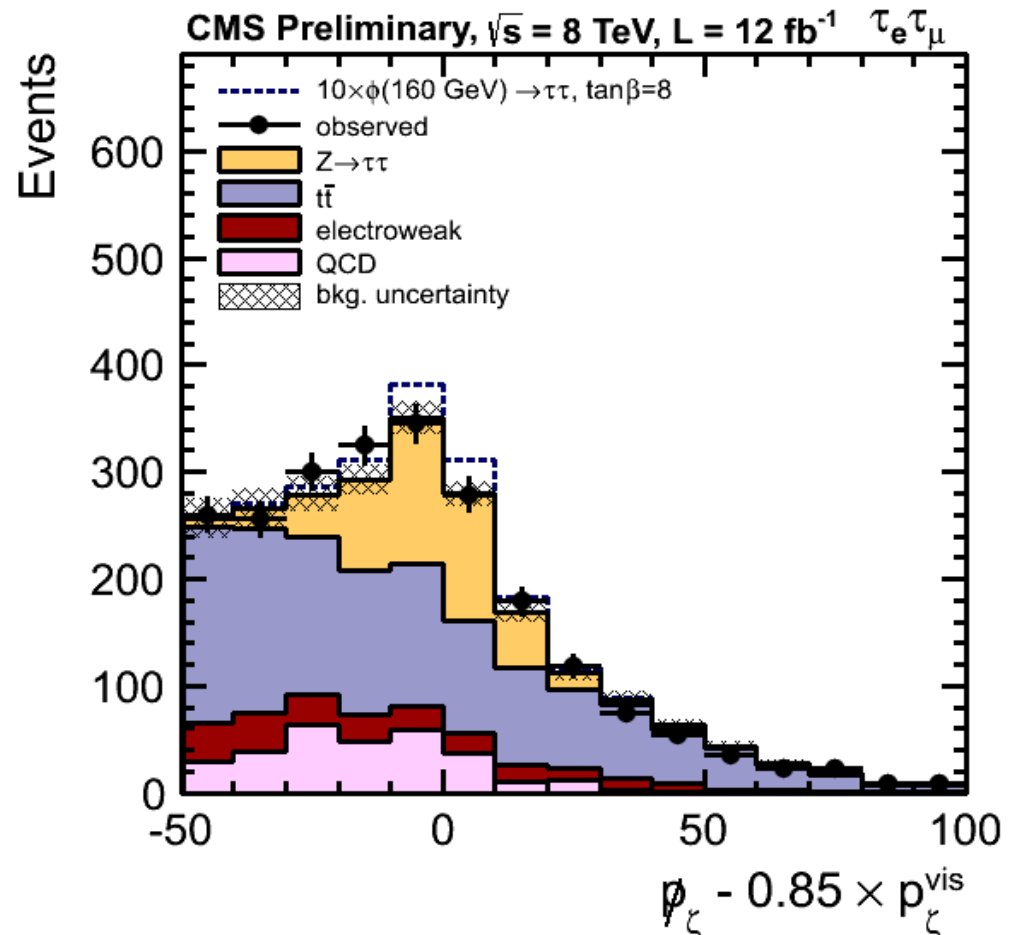
Projections of the visible decay product momenta and the MET vector onto ζ :

$$P_{\zeta}^{vis} = p_T^{(1)} \zeta + p_T^{(2)} \zeta$$

$$P_{\zeta}^{miss} = E_T^{miss} \zeta$$

This analysis:

$$P_{\zeta}^{miss} - 0.85 \times P_{\zeta}^{vis} > -25 \text{ GeV}$$





$\tau\tau$ - background estimation and data analysis



● $\tau\tau$ mass reconstruction

Kinematic fit based on the likelihood technique, computes the invariant mass most compatible with the observed momenta of the visible tau decay products and MET

● Background estimation

$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ – use the $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ sample from data and replace the muon by a simulated τ (“embedding”). Normalized to the measured $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ cross section,

QCD multijet (with jet misidentification) – estimated from the yield of same-sign $\tau\tau$ events,

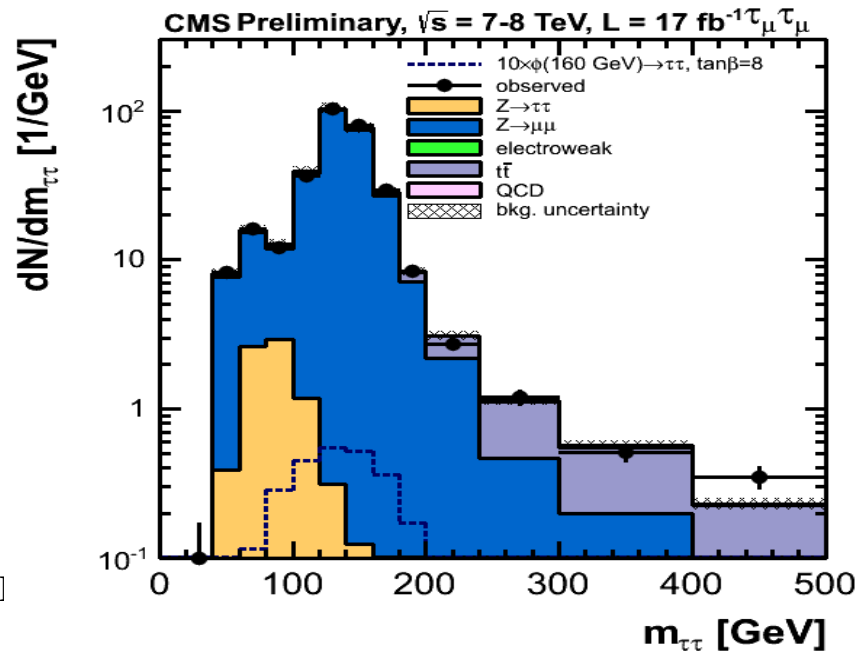
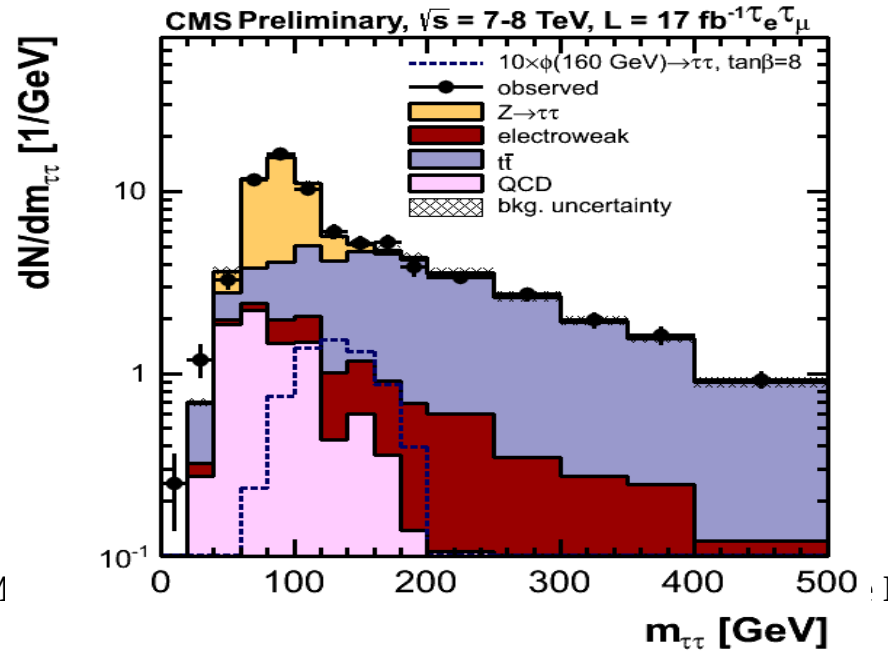
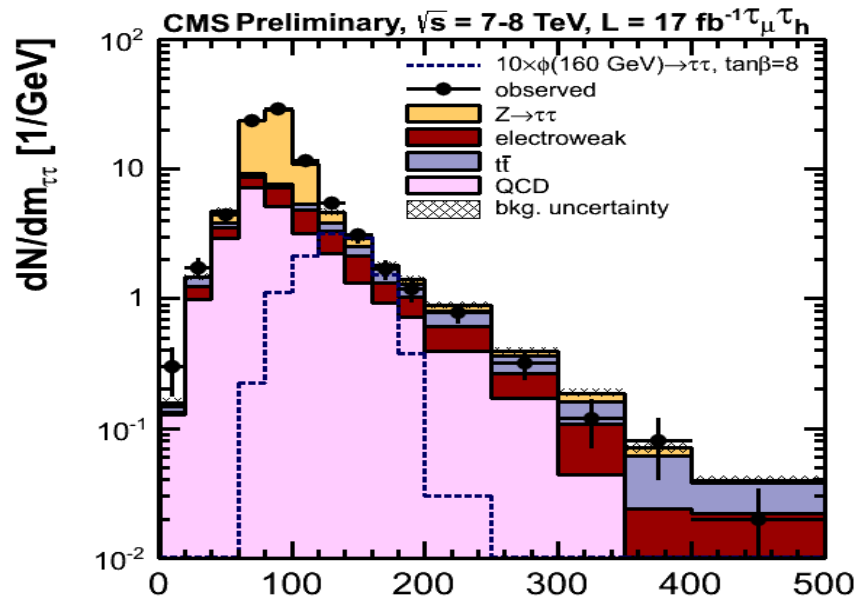
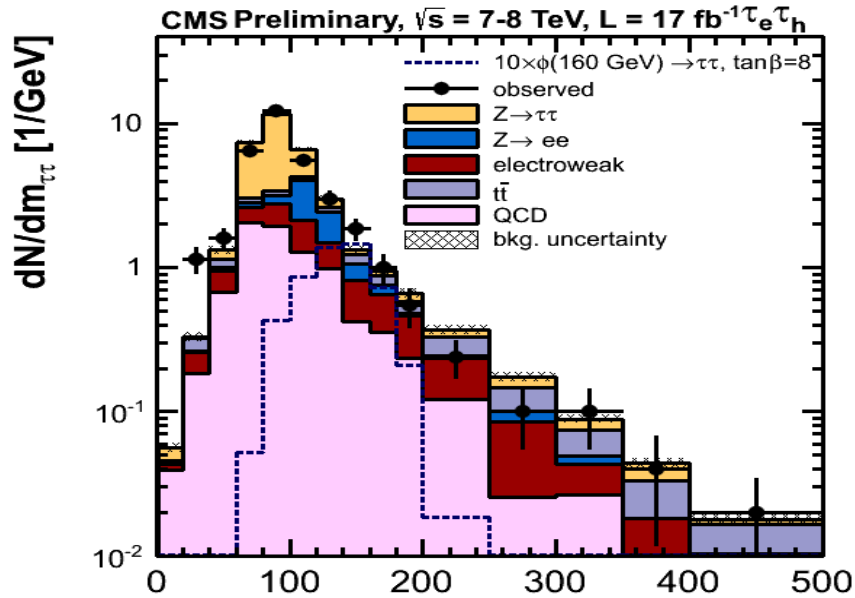
W+jets – shape from MC and normalization from events with large M_T (hadronic), or from data with relaxed lepton isolation on one lepton (leptonic),

Top pair, diboson, etc. – from MC; top pair normalized to the measured cross section,

● Results

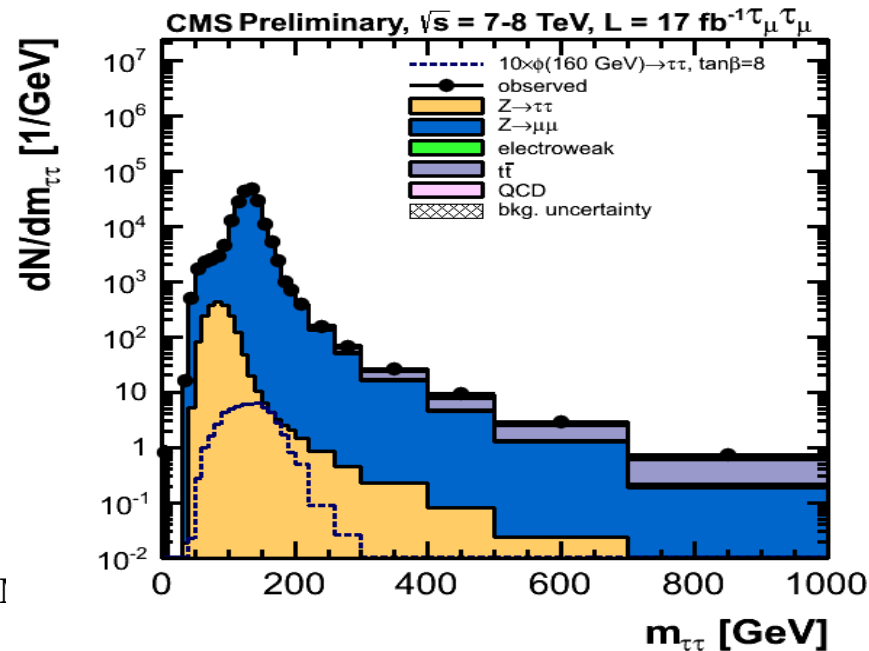
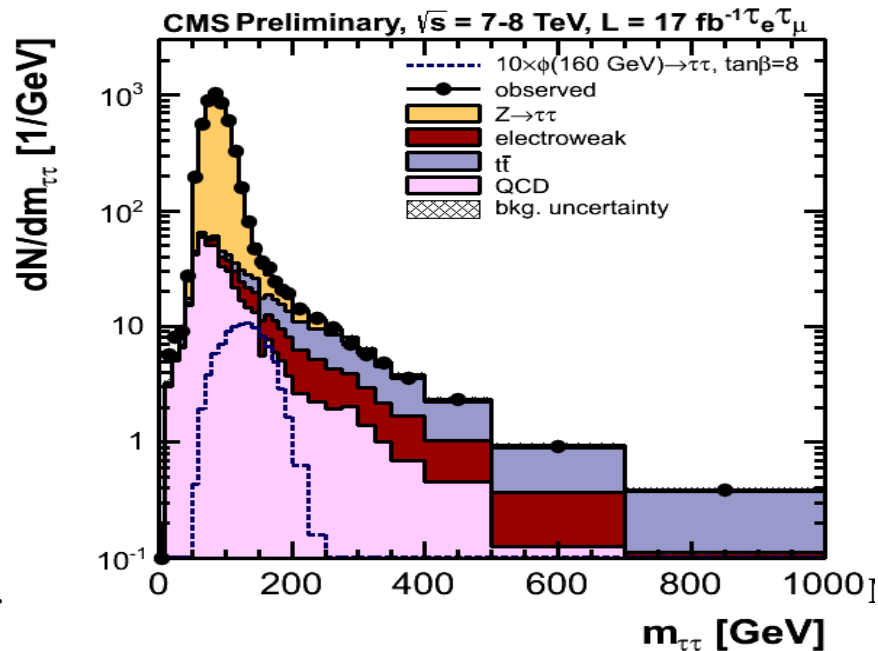
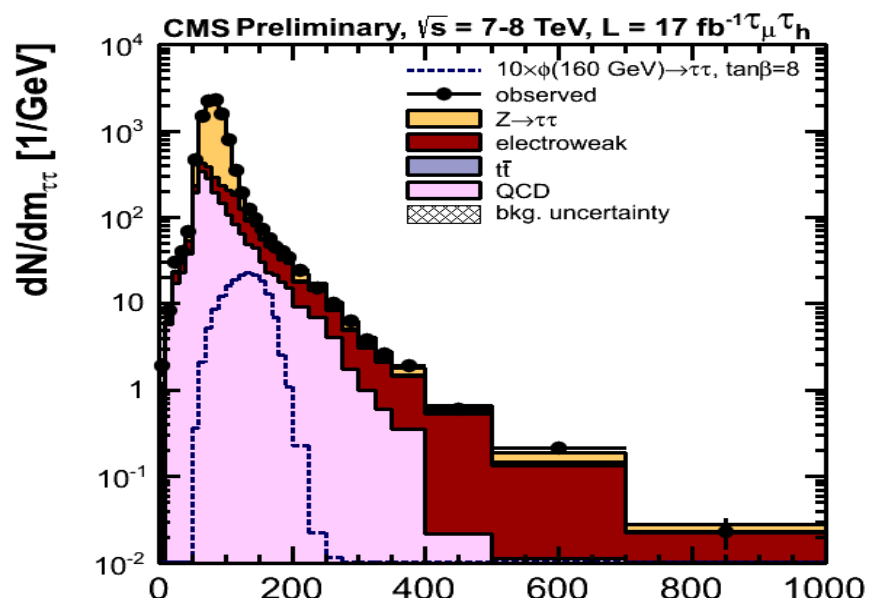
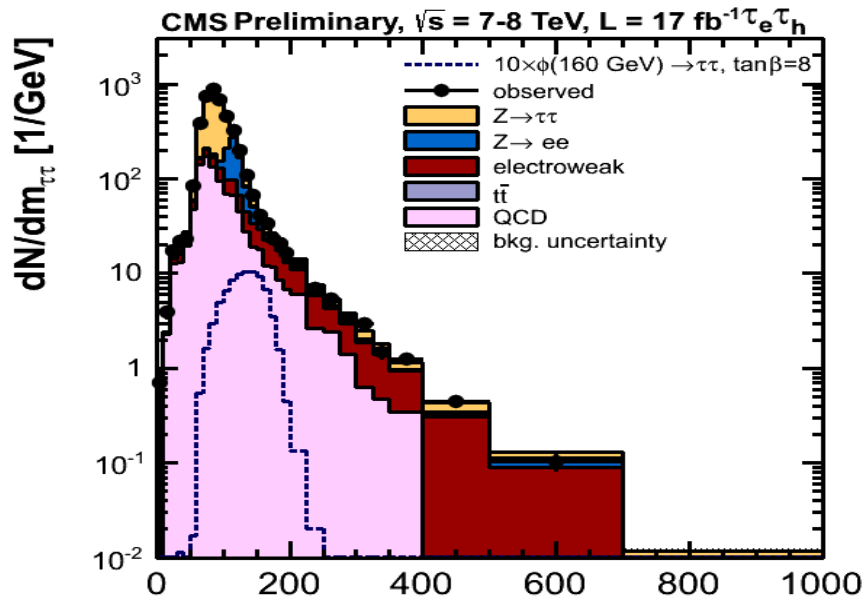
Binned maximum likelihood fit to the $\tau\tau$ invariant mass spectrum, simultaneously performed for the four final states with two event categories each.

$\tau\tau$ - results in the b-tag category





$\tau\tau$ – results in the non-b-tag category





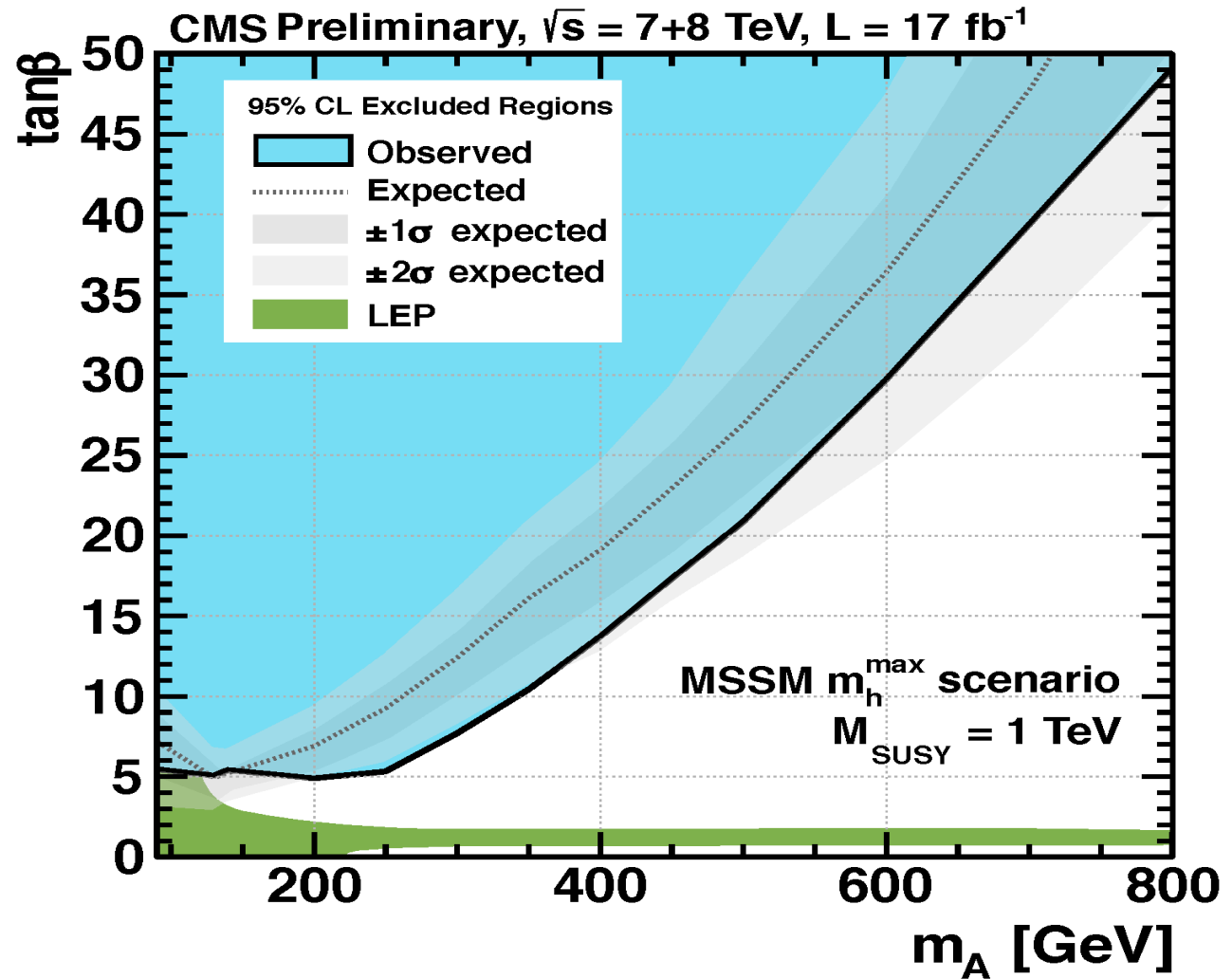
$\tau\tau$ - exclusion limits



Signal cross sections and their uncertainties provided by the LHC Higgs Cross Section Group (GGH@NNLO, HIGLU, BBH@NNLO)

No excess is seen over predicted SM background in any event category.

Rules out a significant portion of the parameter space previously unexplored - severely constrains the MSSM with $\tan\beta$ reaching as low as 5 for any $m_A < 250$ GeV in the m_h^{\max} scenario.



$$\Phi \rightarrow b \bar{b}$$





$b\bar{b}$ - triggering, data selection and analysis



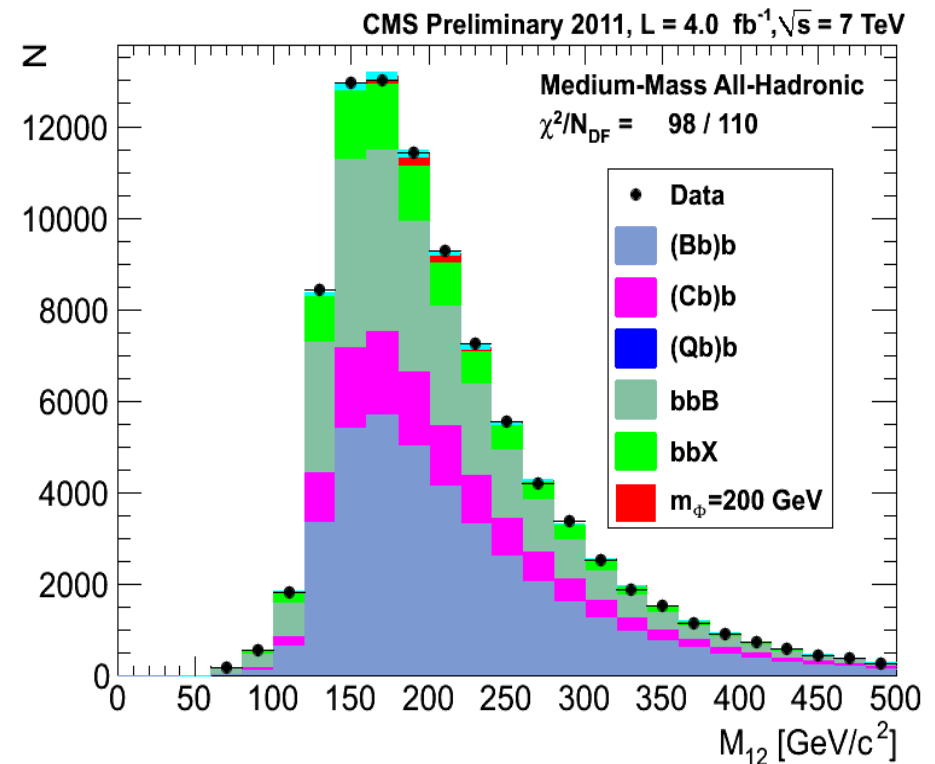
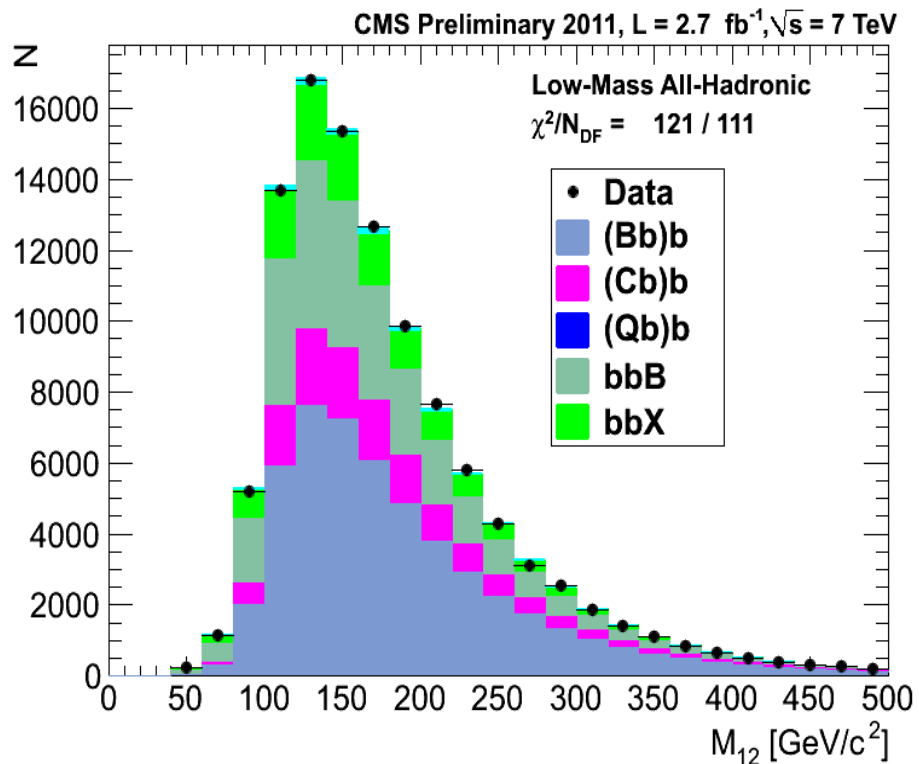
- Two event categories considered: **all-hadronic** (bbb) and **semi-leptonic** (bb with an additional muon)
- **Trigger:** 2 or 3 jets, ≥ 2 b-tagged, 1 muon + 1 or 2 jets, ≥ 1 b-tagged
- **Jet selection:**

| | |
|--|---|
| ≥ 3 jets, | ≥ 3 jets, |
| $ \eta < 2.2$, | $ \eta < 2.6$, |
| $p_{T}^{(1)} > 46(60)^* \text{ GeV}$, | $p_{T}^{(1)} > 30 \text{ GeV}$, |
| $p_{T}^{(2)} > 38(53)^* \text{ GeV}$, | $p_{T}^{(2)} > 30 \text{ GeV}$, |
| $p_{T}^{(3)} > 20 \text{ GeV}$, | $p_{T}^{(3)} > 20 \text{ GeV}$, |
| 3 leading jets b-tagged, | 2 leading jets b-tagged, 3 rd looser |
| $\Delta R(1,2) > 1$ | $\Delta R(i,j) > 1$ |
- **Muon selection:** $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$, muon used in jet reconstruction
- **Background estimation:**
 - QCD (dominant) – from “double b-tag” events, i.e., 3-jet events with relaxed b-tag requirement on one jet – templates are constructed by assuming a true flavor of the untagged jet and scaling with the appropriate b-tagging probability.

*)for $m_\Phi < 180 \text{ GeV}$ ($> 180 \text{ GeV}$)



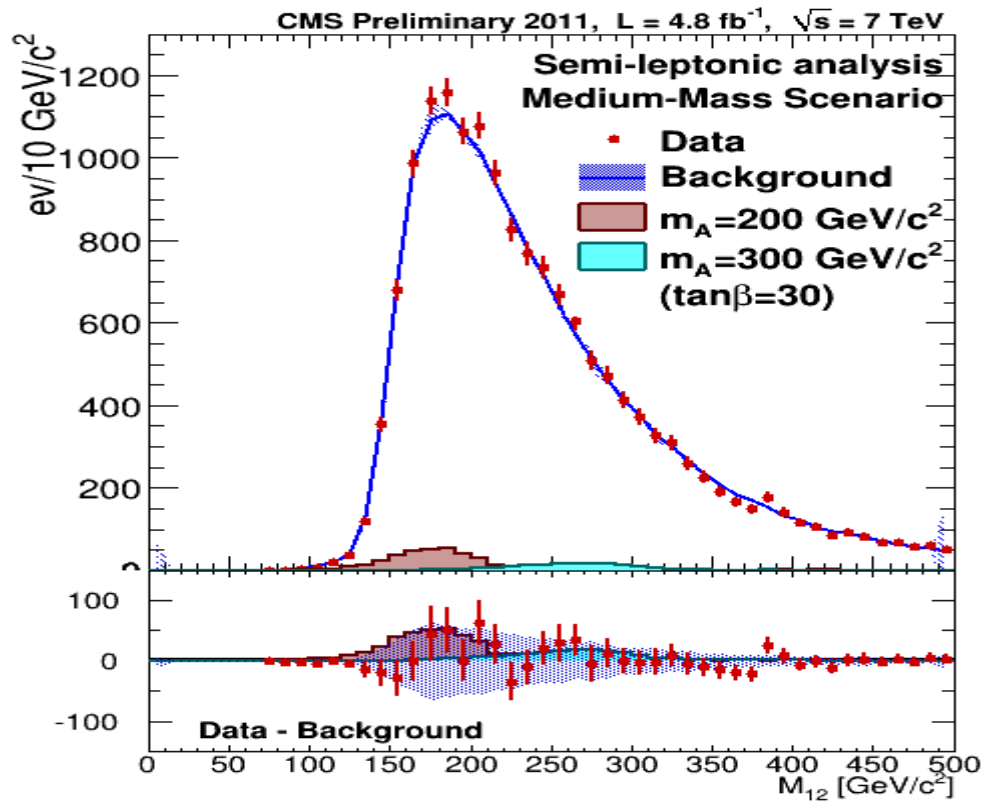
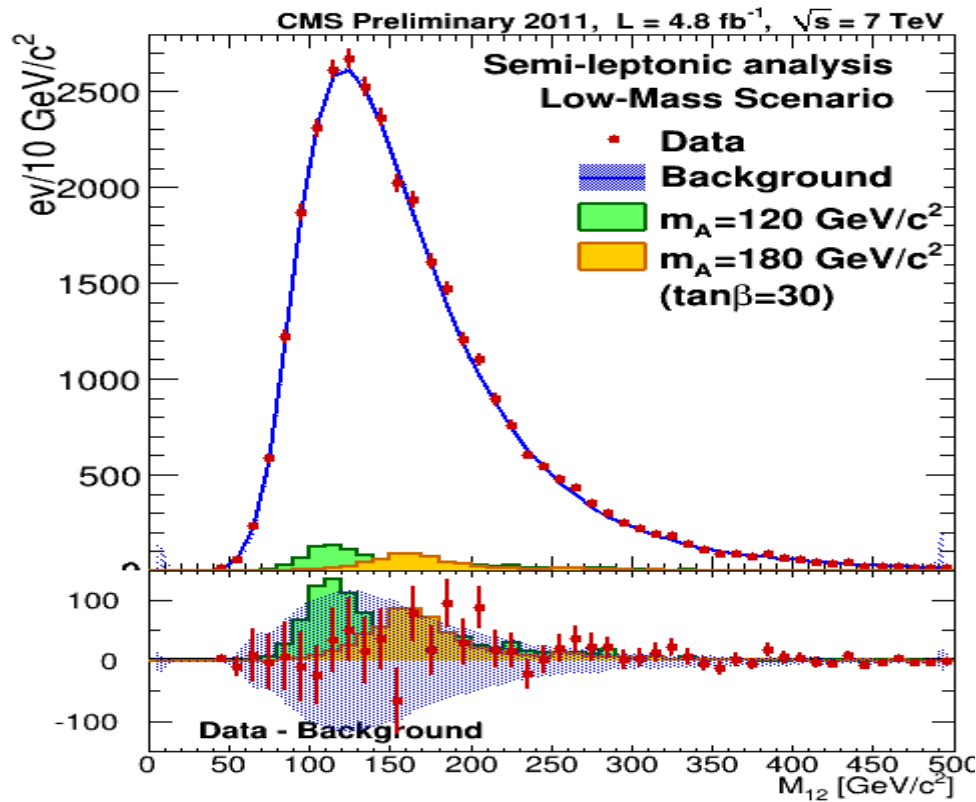
$b\bar{b}$ – results in the all-hadronic category



Signal extraction: fit of a linear combination of signal and background templates to the observed event yields in bins of the two leading jets' invariant mass (M_{12}) and EventBTag, a dedicated variable that combines the b-tagging information of the three jets.

Good agreement with predicted SM background

$b\bar{b}$ – results in the semi-leptonic category



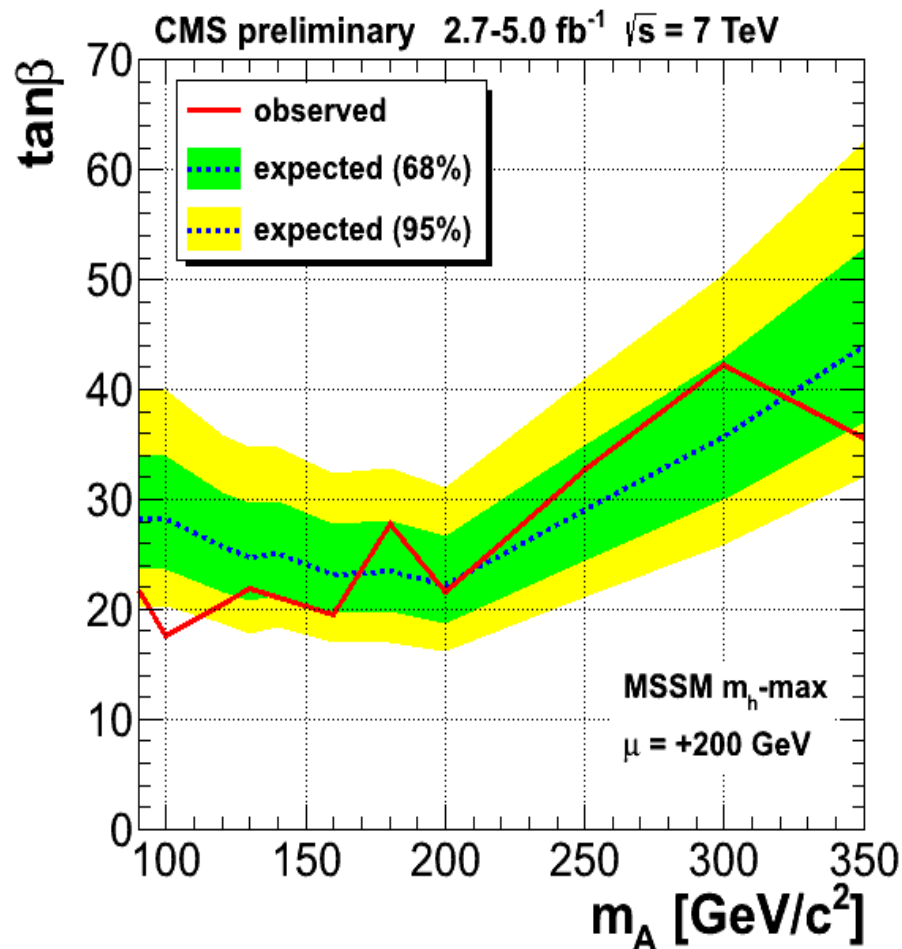
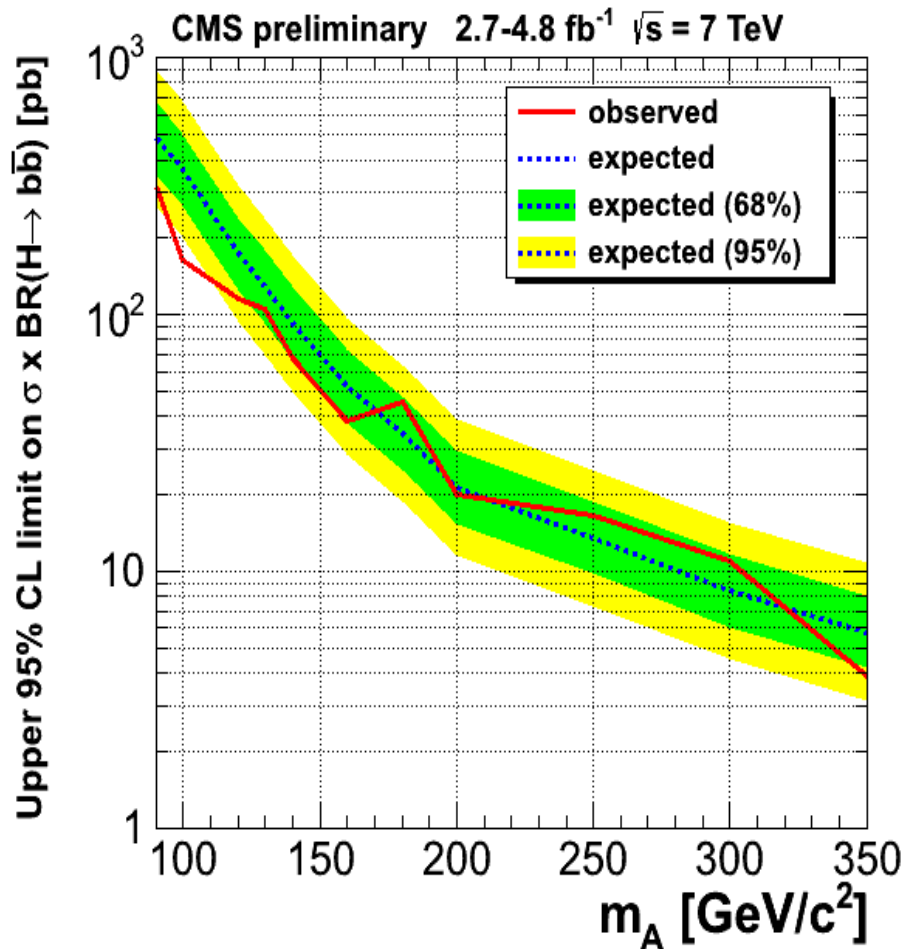
Two independent background estimates for each mass scenario: using double-tag (“B-tag Matrix method”) and single-tag (“Hyperball method”) samples, respectively.

Signal extraction: binned maximum-likelihood fit to the M_{12} distribution.

Good agreement with predicted SM background



$b\bar{b}$ – combined results



Stringent limits on the cross section for b-associated MSSM Higgs production in pp collisions

$$\Phi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$





$\mu^+\mu^-$ - triggering, event selection and background estimation



- **Trigger:**

Unprescaled single muon trigger

- **Data selection: 3 event categories**

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| Basic muon selection (Categories 1,2,3) | 2 muons $p_T^{(1)} > 30$ GeV $p_T^{(2)} > 20$ GeV | $ \eta < 2.1$ isolated opposite charges |
|--|---|--|

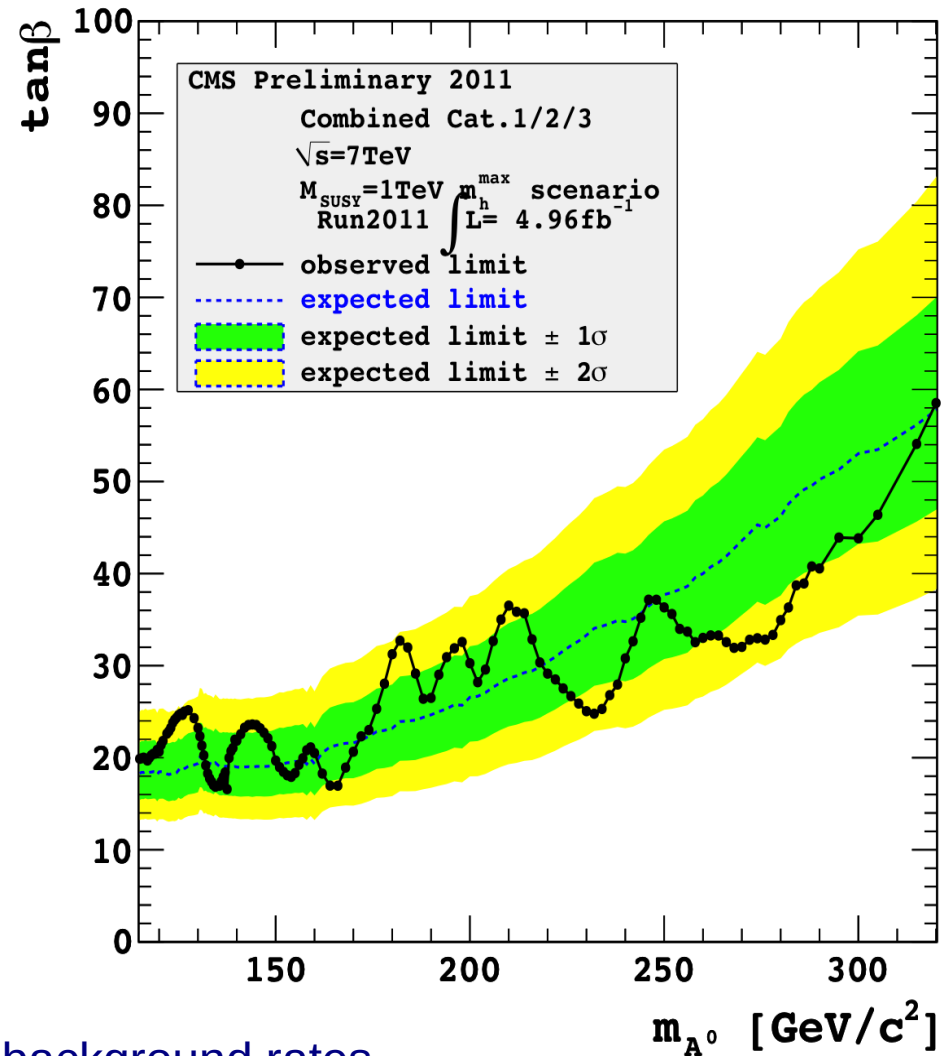
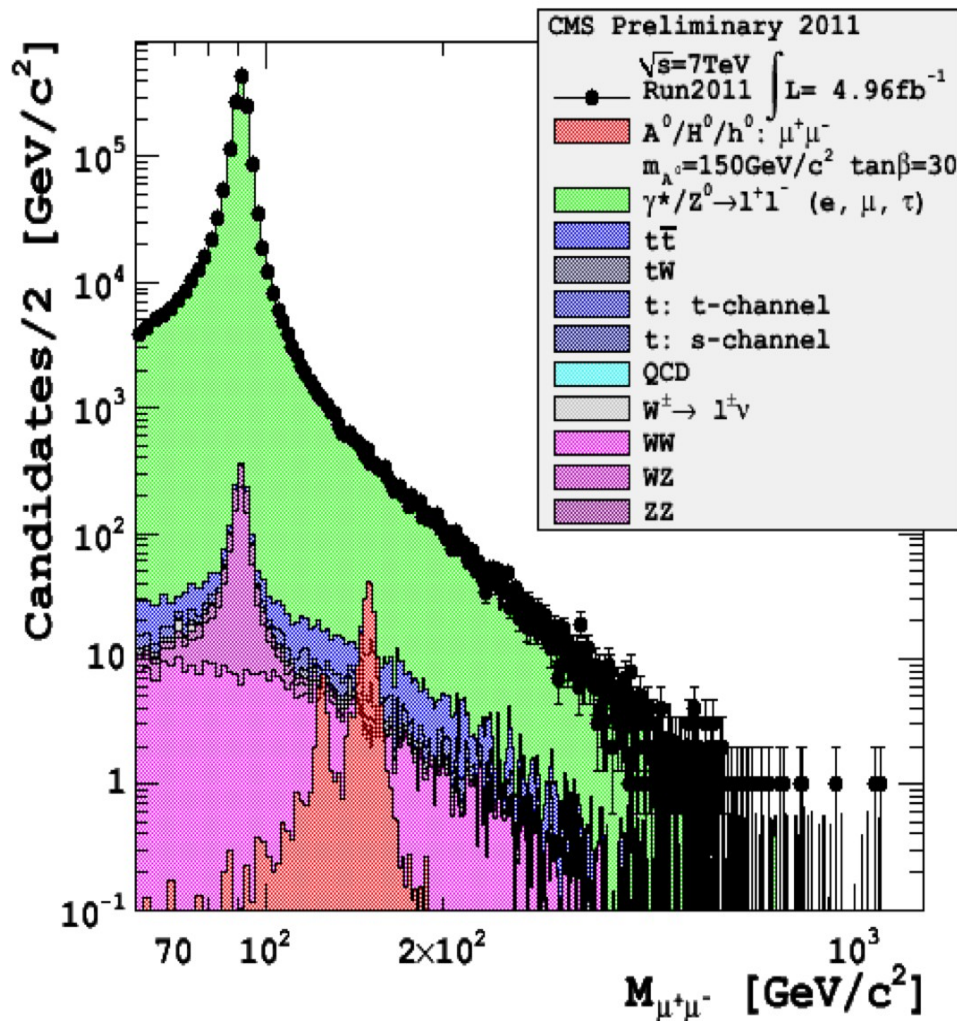
Category 1 - additionally ≥ 1 b-tagged jet: $p_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$, $\Delta R(\mu, j) > 0.5$

Category 2 - additionally a 3rd muon: $p_T > 3$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$, $\Delta R(\mu, \mu) > 0.5$

- MET < 30 GeV

- **Background and signal estimation:**

- Drell-Yan (Zbb), top pair (Category 1), W^+W^- (Category 3), etc. – estimated from MC, final result and exclusion limits obtained from a fit of a theoretical function to the invariant mass distribution from the data.



No excess seen over predicted SM background rates -
 95% CL limit on $\sigma \times \text{Br}(\mu\mu) < 40\text{-}20 \text{ fb}$ for $m_{A^0}=150\text{-}300 \text{ GeV}$

$$H^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau \nu$$





Charged Higgs: triggering and event selection



● **Final states studied:** $\tau_{\text{had}}+\text{jets}$, $\tau_{\text{had}}+e/\mu$, $e+\mu$

● **Selections**

| | <u>$\tau_{\text{had}}+\text{jets}$</u> | <u>$\tau_{\text{had}}+e/\mu$</u> | <u>$e+\mu$</u> |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|
| Trigger | $\tau_{\text{had}}+\text{MET}$ | electron+2jets / single muon | electron+muon |
| Lepton selection | $p_T > 40$ GeV tight τ -id* | $p_T > 35/30/20$ GeV (e/ μ / τ) isolated / tight τ -id* | $p_T > 20$ GeV isolated |
| Jet Selection | ≥ 3 jets $p_T > 30$ GeV ≥ 1 b-tagged | ≥ 2 jets $p_T > 35$ (30) GeV ≥ 1 b-tagged | ≥ 2 jets $p_T > 30$ GeV ≥ 1 b-tagged |
| MET | > 50 GeV $\Delta\phi(\tau_{\text{had}}, \text{MET}) < 160$ | > 45 GeV (e), 40 GeV (μ) | |

- Opposite charge lepton pair ($\tau_{\text{had}}+e/\mu$, $e\mu$)
- $p^{\text{trk}}/p^{\text{thad}} > 0.7$ ($\tau_{\text{had}}+\text{jets}$ – reduces the amount of τ from W decays)
- Veto events with additional isolated electrons or muons

*) only 1-track τ selected



Charged Higgs: signal and background estimation



Background

* $\tau_{\text{had}}+\text{jets}$

- QCD – from data events passing selection criteria except τ -id, weighting by fake rates of jet misidentification as τ measured in the control region,
- EWK top pair – estimated by selecting events with muons instead of τ_{had} and replacing reconstructed muons with simulated taus,

* $\tau_{\text{had}} + e/\mu$

- W+jets, top pair – from data, using fake-rate jet $\rightarrow \tau$ method,
- other backgrounds from MC,

* $e+\mu$

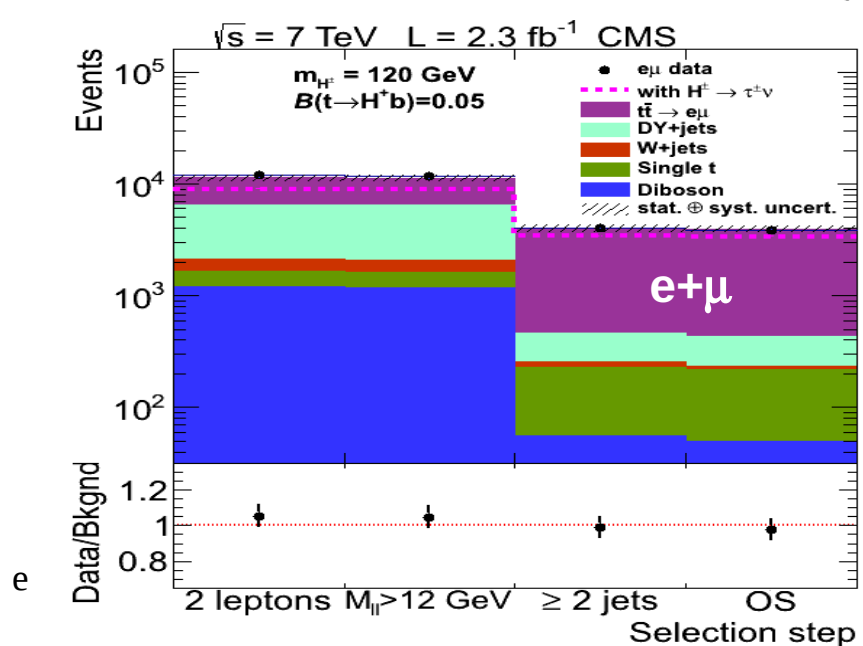
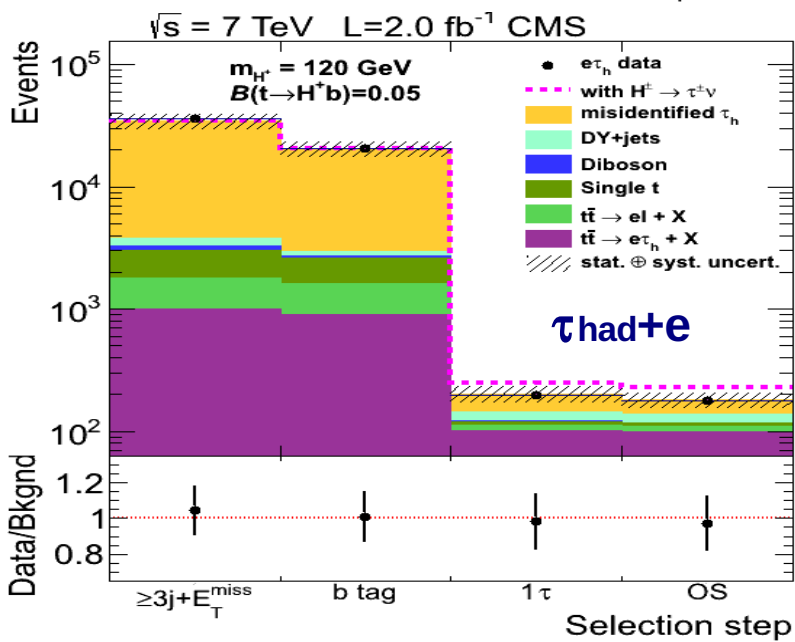
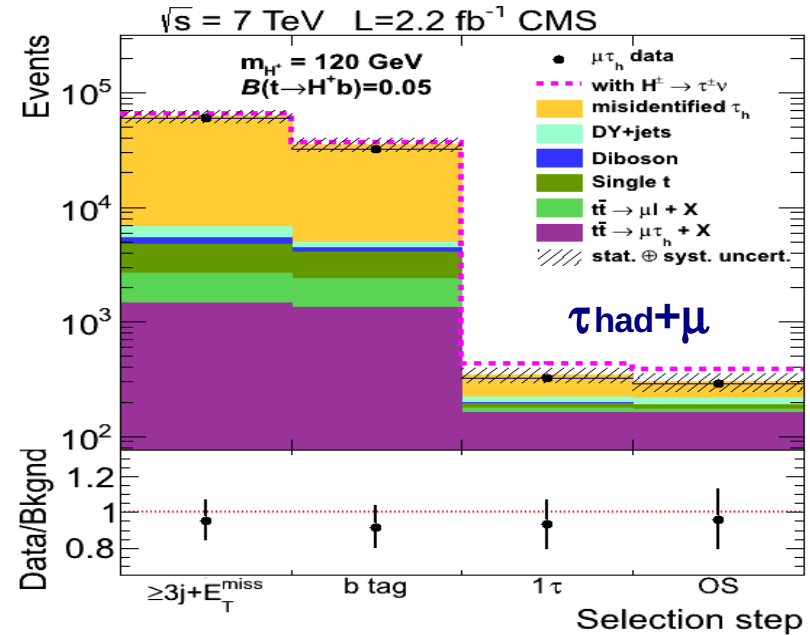
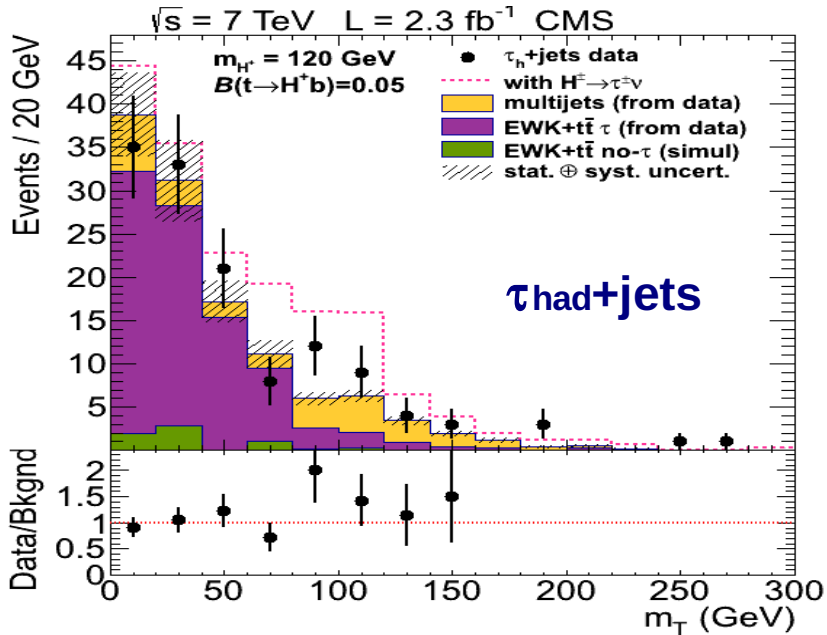
- all backgrounds from MC.

Signal extraction

- * $\tau_{\text{had}}+\text{jets}$: binned maximum-likelihood fit to the measured M_{τ} distribution,
- * $\tau_{\text{had}}+e/\mu, e+\mu$: event counting only.

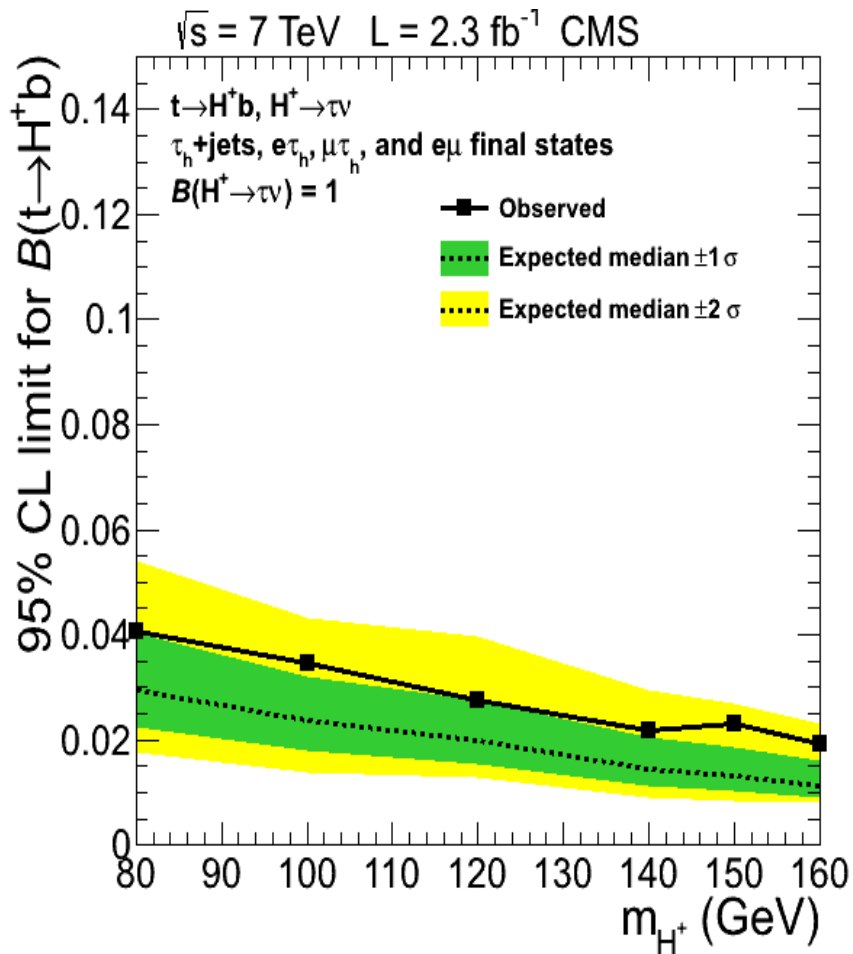


Charged Higgs – results in the 4 final states

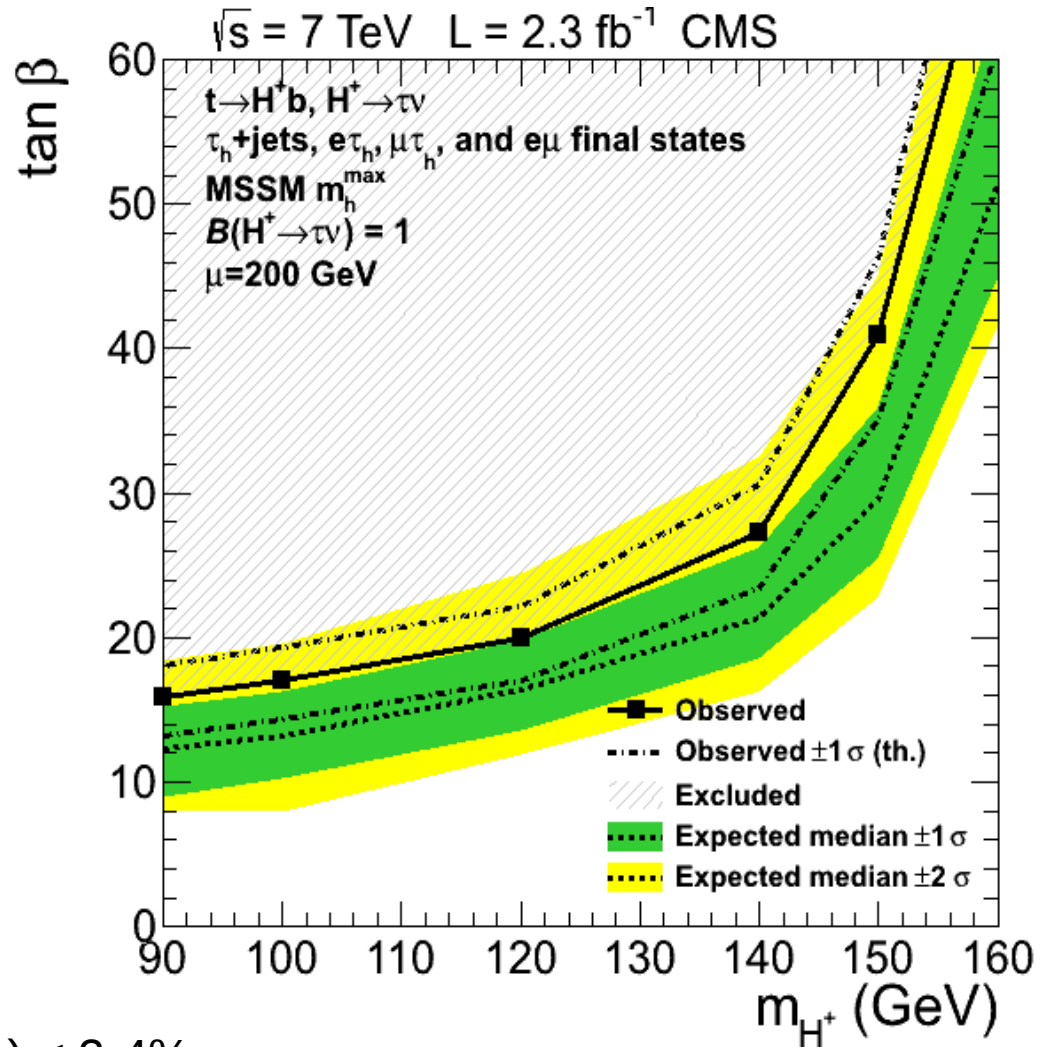


τ

e



Significant constraint on $\text{Br}(t \rightarrow H^\pm b) < 2\text{-}4\%$





Summary



- CMS data provide no evidence of the MSSM in the Higgs sector so far.
- New results from the $\Phi \rightarrow \tau \tau$ decay channel which combine 2011 and 2012 data provide the most stringent limits on the MSSM $m_A/\tan\beta$ parameter space to date. A significant improvement in the explored parameter space has been obtained, with 95% CL exclusion limits going as low as $\tan\beta=5$ for any $m_A < 250$ GeV.
- The lower sensitivity $\Phi \rightarrow b b$ and $\mu \mu$ decay channels studied from 2011 data confirm parts of the obtained exclusion limits.
- Independent stringent limits in the MSSM $m_{H^\pm}/\tan\beta$ plane are derived from charged Higgs boson searches from the 2011 data and a significant constraint is obtained on the $t \rightarrow H^+ b$ decay branching fraction.
- There is more to come from the 2012 data!

Backup slides





The m_h^{\max} scenario



In the MSSM m_h^{\max} benchmark scenario, the definitions of theory parameters are the following:

$$M_{\text{SUSY}} = 1 \text{ TeV}/c^2 ;$$

$$X_t = 2M_{\text{SUSY}} ;$$

$$\mu = 200 \text{ GeV}/c^2 ;$$

$$M_g = 800 \text{ GeV}/c^2 ;$$

$$M_2 = 200 \text{ GeV}/c^2 ;$$

$$A_b = A_t ;$$

$$M_3 = 800 \text{ GeV}/c^2 .$$

Here:

M_{SUSY} denotes the common soft SUSY-breaking squark mass of the third generation;

$X_t = A_t - \mu / \tan \beta$ is the stop mixing parameter;

A_t and A_b are the stop and sbottom trilinear couplings, respectively;

μ is the Higgsino mass parameter;

M_g is the gluino mass; and

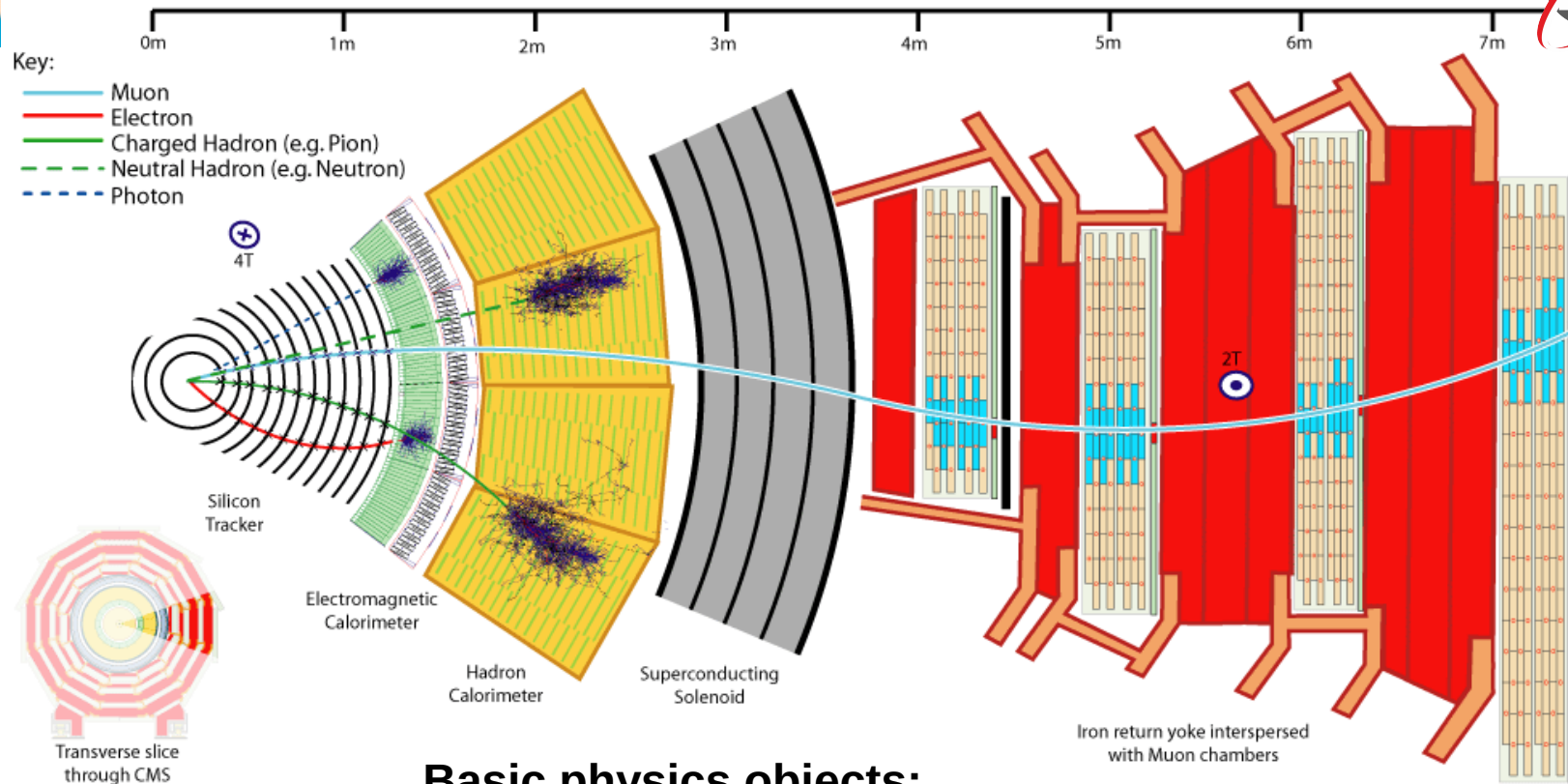
M_2 is the SU(2)-gaugino mass parameter.

The value of M_1 is fixed via the unification relation $M_1 = (5/3) M_2 \sin \theta_w / \cos \theta_w$.

Finally, the 5 flavor schema is used.



Particle-flow technique in CMS



Basic physics objects:

Muon: matching tracks in inner tracker and muon chambers

Electron: EM cluster with an associated track

Photon: EM cluster without a matched track

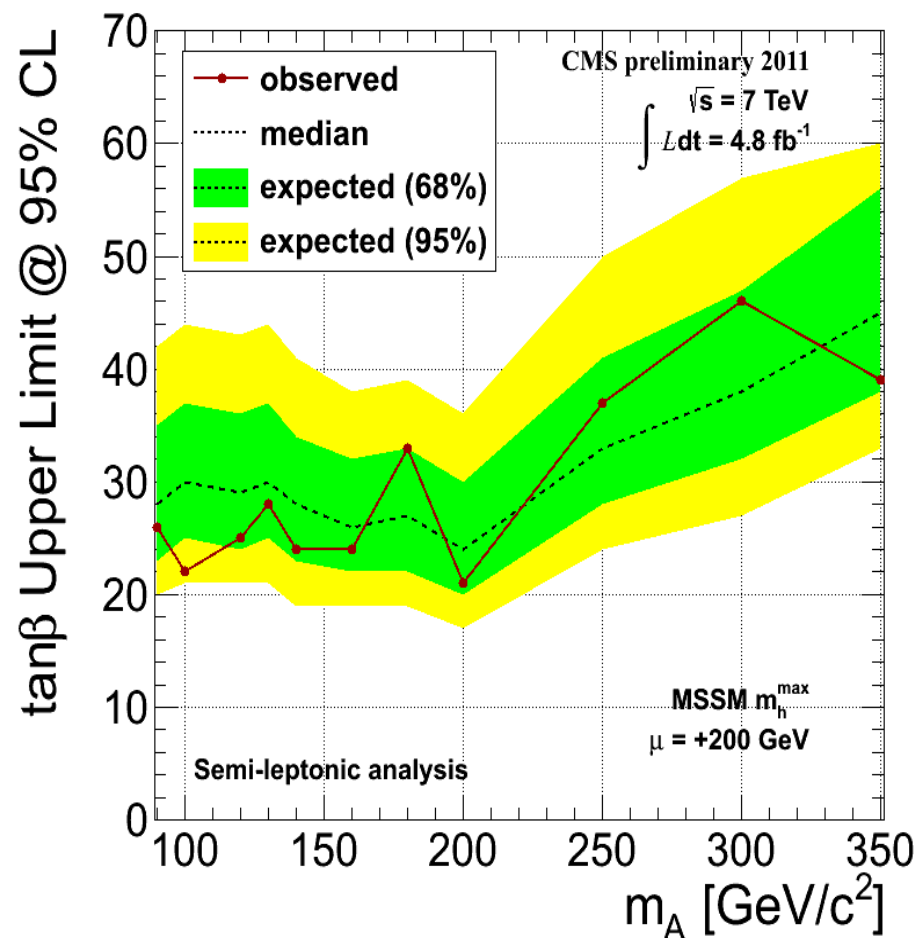
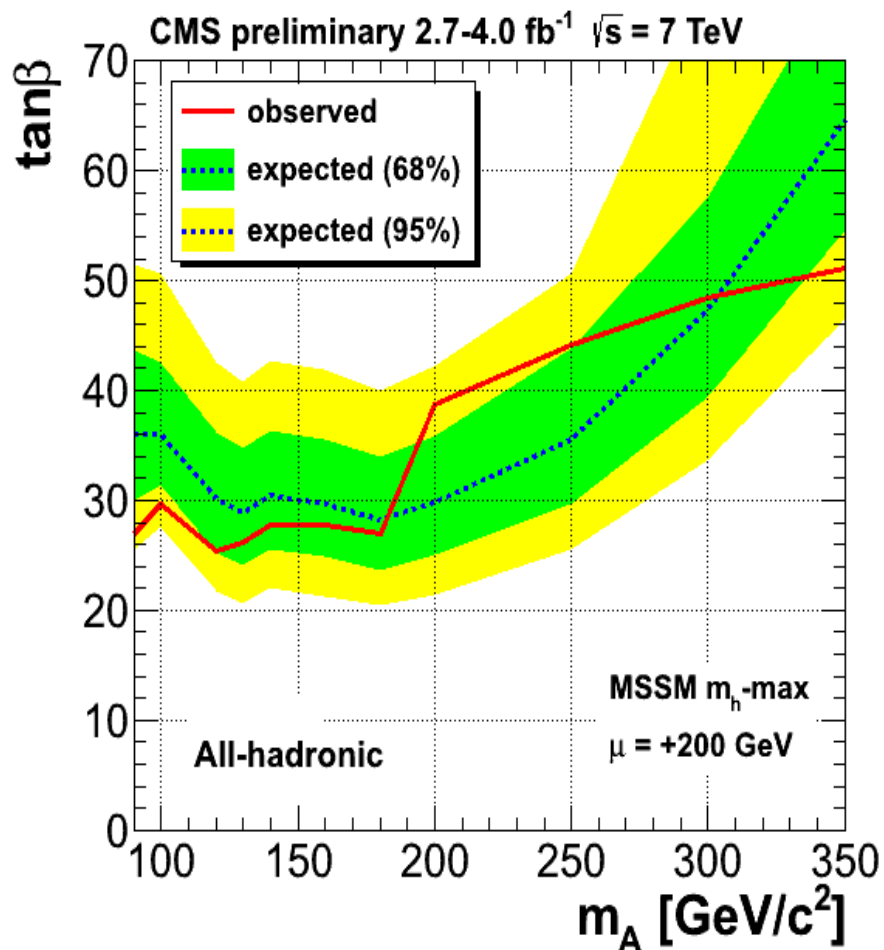
Jet: cluster in EM and hadronic calorimeters (and inner tracker)

Tau: narrow jet with matching track

MET: p_T required to balance all of these



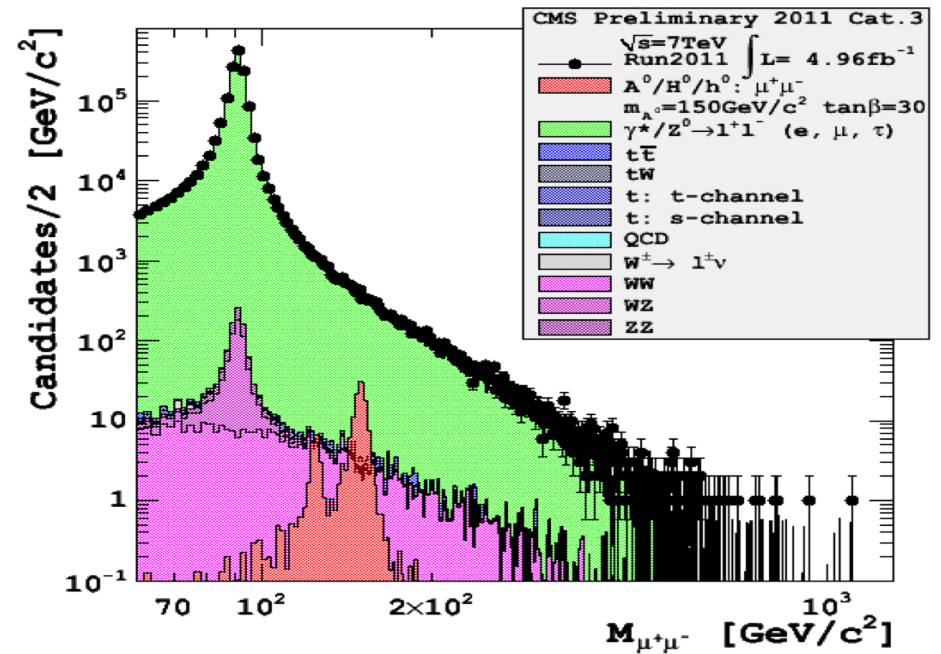
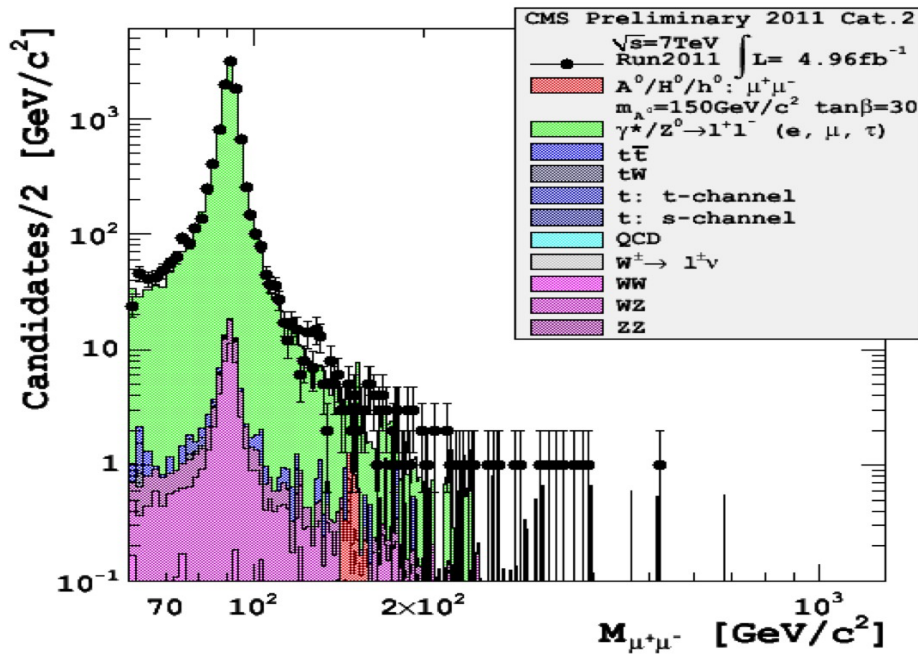
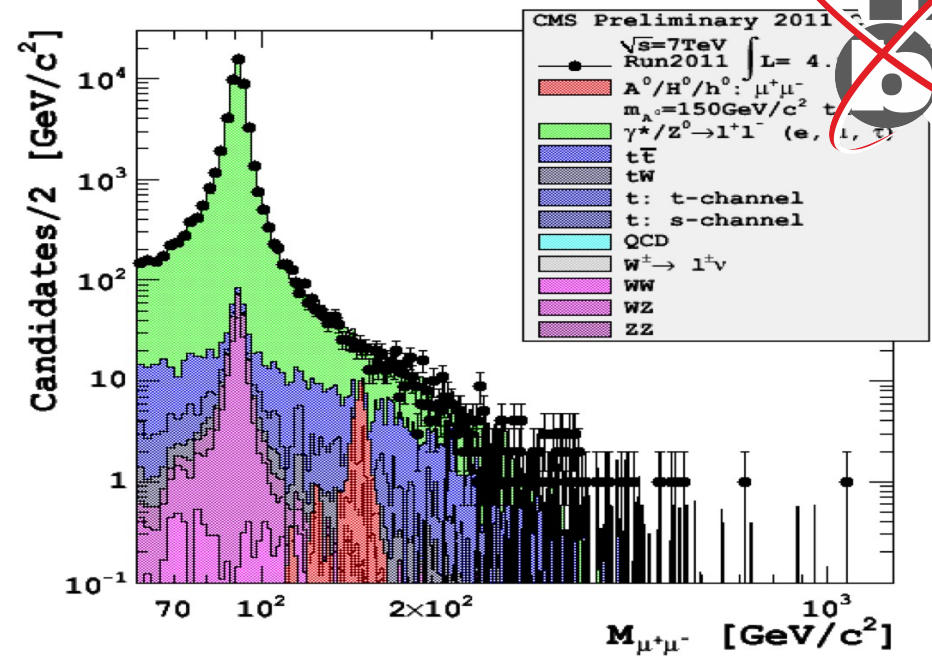
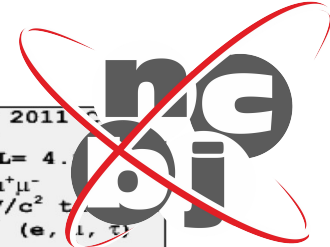
b b – exclusion limits from the all-hadronic and semi-leptonic analyses





$\mu\mu$ – results from 3 categories

- Category 1: $\mu\mu + b$
- Category 2: $\mu\mu + 3^{\text{rd}}$ muon
- Category 3: $\mu\mu$





$\mu\mu$ - combined exclusion limits

